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Weaker Paper.—One dollar a square for first insertion and fifty cents for each additional insertion. Editorial notices, where the person has no advertisement in the paper. 20 cents a line: each continance 10 or 5 cents a line, according to length of time. "ditorials, where there is advertising, to cents a line for first insertion, and 5 cents for each additional insertion. Remittances by mail, when it redestreed LETTERS, at our risk. The money must be remitted with the order for advertising or paper.

POLICE PROCEEDINGS-Thursday, July 10 .-Commonwealth by Jas. O'Neal vs. Wm. Crear. peace warrant. Dismissed at plaintiff's cost. David Lewis, assault on John Watson. Own bond in \$50 to answer on Monday, 14th. Jas. Williams and John Snyder, stealing horses. Continued until Saturday.

wheat harvest in the West, now generally secured, is a most bountiful one. In Middle and Southern Illinois and Indiana the yield was so abundant that but for labor-saving reapers and threshers much of it would have been lost. Oats are not quite so good, and the yield will not be so abundant. Grass looks promising in Indiana and Illinois, but in Missouri and Kentucky it has suffered considerably from want of rain. All throughout the West the corn looks well. It was late being planted, but timely rains and warm weather have caused it to grow with unusual vigor, and it now presents indications of a large

Accounts from the rebel States do not indicate as promising a crop of breadstuffs as the rebels will need. The wheat and oats were short, and though the corn looks well there is no good prospect of a relief, this year, from the high prices that have prevailed in the South since the expulsion of the rebel armies from Tennessee.

In 1851 Jeff Davis advecated the secession of the Southern States from the Union, and ran on that issue as a candidate for Governor of Mississippi. Henry Stuart Foote, a prominent member of the Whig party, was the nominee of the Unionists of the State for that position. An animated contest ensued, both candidates addressing large audiences on the question of Union or no Union. The following was the result of the elec-

1,009 Ten years later-1861-nine-tenths of the people of Mississippi were in favor of disunion; and it is stated that the same Henry Stuart Foote referred

ond was Capt. James Jackson Lowell, of steam pumps, bring her up. It will be recollected the 20th Massachusetts regiment. When that the Merrimac was plated with eight hundred tons regiment was organized he was commissioned as of iron, all of which, it is expected, will be recov-First Lieutenant in Co. E, Captain Schmidt. He ered. The Congress and Cumberland each had was wounded in the battle at Ball's Bluff on the 21st of October last, where his cousin, Lieutenant William Lowell Putnam, of the same company, was killed. Captain Schmidt was also so severe ly wounded in the battle that he resigned his nission, and Lieut. Lowell was appointed Captain in his place. Captain Lowell was son of Charles Russell Lowell, Esq, of Cambridge, and divers, who will descend to the sunken ships in the grandson of the late Rev. Charles Lowell, D. D. pastor of the West Church in Boston. He gradnated at Harvard College in 1858 with the highest honors of his class.

in the army at Newport, Ky., and sought his release upon the ground that he was not twentyone, was brought before Mayor Hawkins on Mon day on a writ of babeas corpus. The court decided that, according to a law passed by Congress in 1854, authorizing officers of the United States army to enlist men between the ages of 18 and 45, said Barker is now legally held in the military service of the Government, he having feet hanging in the stirrup. The lad dragged sworn at the time of his enlistment that he was until he was horribly mutilated.

The result of the introduction of the new tariff act has been to largely increase the revenue at New York the past few days, importers rapidly withdrawing their merchandise in bond to escape the imposition of the new rates, and fearing to store those which daily arrive. The sums received at the New York custom-house since the new tariff act was introduced have reached an | charged with sympathy in the secession moveaverage of nearly \$350,000 per day, over one half of which has been on withdrawals from | be found elsewhere.

The State of Maryland has the high hono f being the first State in the Union to pay its proportion of the national direct tax. Secretary Chase has addressed a complimentary letter to the State Treasurer acknowledging the receipt of the money, and expressing his gratification on seeing Maryland now, like Maryland in the days of the old line, coming forward with purse and paper at Glasgow at an early day. Mr. Smith sword, to the defence and support of the Ameri-

The Japanese Ambassadors have d clined an invitation from the Swiss Federal Government to visit Switzerland. Letters from St. Petersburg tate that the Ambassadors are shortly expected in that city. After having visited the Russian capital, Vienna, Berlin, &c., they are to return to Paris, to be present at the fetes of the 15th of is thought many others will follow their examples. August, then proceed to Marseilles, and embark for Suez.

DESTRUCTIVE FIRE.—The residence of Mr. P. Higdon, postmaster at Cropper's Depot, on the Louisville and Frankfort Railroad, was entirely destroyed by fire on Tuesday night, together with the contents, involving a loss of five thousand lollars. Mr. Higdon himself barely escaped with his life, by the assistance of a negro servant. There is but little doubt that the fire was communicated to the dwelling by a negro who had been instigated by some malicious person.

BRIDGE BURNERS IN MERCER COUNTY .- The Danville Tribune learns from Harrodsburg that the bridge across Salt river on the turnpike leading from that place to Perryville was destroyed by incendiaries on Monday night last. The perpetrators of this unprofitable and contemptible measure have not as yet been discovered.

SIR: Referring you to the modifications of the system for issuing permits for trade with those sections of the country heretofore declared under insurrectionary control, under the rules and regulations governing internal commercial intercourse, adopted on the 20th of March last, you are hereby directed, when sentiled to by parties desiring to The New York World says the premium on silver is causing the absorption of spacie into private hands to such an extent as to cause the pearance of shinplasters in New York. They are now very frequently tendered to customers in the restaurants and saloons throughout the faith of the proposed transaction, certificates to that effect, which will be regarded as sufficient city, and are, so far, readily accepted.

The John Brown fund, contributed by the people of Hayti, is at last to be distributed to the heirs of John Brown and his fellow-sufferers. It amounts to about \$3,400, and the committee appointed includes Wendell Phillips, Wm. Lloyd people of Hayti, is at last to be distributed to the Garrison, and James Redpath.

S. P. CHASE,
Secretary of the Treasury.

Tate Senate from the counties of Carroll, Galla-State Senate from the counties of Carroll, Gallatin, and Boone, having resigned his seat in that body, Lieut.-Governor John F. Fisk has ordered

[For the Louisville Journal.]
ABOLITIONISM TESTED BY EXPERIENCE. NUMBER IX. PART 1.

FOREIGN OPINIONS -The London papers hav

again opened the batteries of intervention. Th

habit of interfering in the affairs of other nations

which England and France have so thoroughly

allen into, when the other nations happen to be

too weak or too busy to resent it, is leading now

toward very dangerous ground. The New York

Journal of Commerce says that America has nev-

er assented to this doctrine of intervention. It i

a pure European doctrine, not engrafted as yet on

international law. It is a right never claimed

nor to be claimed by a weak nation over a strong

nation, but always and only a tyrannous power,

exercised in Europe by the great nations, in the

affairs of their inferiors. If the American Union

were broken up and sunk in the sea, till there was

State of Rhode Island, or Delaware, we do no

believe that the people of either of those States

would ever consent to admit the application

this doctrine. A few weeks ago the Parliamen

of Great Britain occupied a long time in discuss

ng a decrese which it was reported had been is

sued by Victor Emmanuel in Naples, and whic

was called inhuman. The opposition demanded to

know whether the ministry had interfered and the

ministry intimated that it would interfere if the re-

port proved correct. All this may be well enough

while European smaller powers permit England

to advise and command and govern them. But

when Parliament discusses American orders, o

laws, or wars, it is treading on dangerous ground.

since there is here a clear and settled idea that

European governments can never intervene i

American affairs. It is not the discussion to which

bjection is taken, but to the idea that such dis-

cussion can have any effect here. It is true that

in social matters Americans have always been

sensitive to European criticism, but in politica

France, and Russia made a great cemetery of

bleak peninsula in the Black Sea, with a long,

bloody, and useless war, resulting in nothing, w

should have been strangely engaged had we un-

dertaken to intervene. We could well offer me

We are convinced that England and France al-

ready will understand that intervention, techni-

cally speaking, is an impossibility in our case. If

any interference comes it will only come by some

provocation to war, and while we must avoid that

must be, and we are, ready for any contingency

Commercial Bulletin states that T. F. Wells, Esq.

Government by which he agrees to raise the ves-

sels sunk at Gosport Navy Yard and in Hampton

Roads. The value of property sunk upon which

ne proposes to operate amounts to over a million

The two new rebel steamers, it will be recol-

lected, were all ready for sea, and were scuttled and sunk at the Navy Yard, in great haste; they

now lay in about thirty feet of water, and it is

lays in eleven fathoms of water, and it is the in-

four whaleships of four hundred tons each, which

will be partially submerged by being partly filled

en ship will by means of the rise of tide and use o

iron safes aboard, containing respectively \$35,000

and \$18,000 in specie, which will, without doubt

The undertaking involves an outlay by the con

tractor of some sixty thousand dollars before com-

two hundred men, among whom will be twenty

Wells & Gowen submarine armor. Such of the

powder, and all the material that is of value re

covered. The contractor is the same party who

raised the steamer Erie from Lake Erie in

thought Monday night she would recover.

Thirty companies had, up to the 8th, re-

ponded to the proclamation of Gov. Curting for

Pennsylvania's quota of the new levy, and others

Six members of Congress have left Wash-

ngton to raise regiments in their districts, and it

July 3d, instant, that his health is rapidly im-

W. I. Barre, E:q, one of the talented edi-

ors of the Nashville Constitution, is in the city.

TREASURY LETTER .- The following letter is

ublished in the Philadelphia papers at the re-

recent detention of such shipments at Pittsburg

was not intended by the Secretary of the Treasury,

nor was it the fault of the collector at Philadel-

phia, who made every effort to correct the formal

TREASURY DEPARTMENT, July 1, 1862.

McClellan's Siege Guns. - The Fortress

Monroe correspondent of the Philadelphia In-

quirer, writing on the 6th inst., says:

regulation under which the practsce grew up:

proving, and hopes soon to be afloat again.

were rapidly coming in.

be recovered by means of diving apparatus.

with water, and then after attaching to the sunk-

of dollars, and consists of the following vessels:

Pennsylvania...
Delaware.....
Columbus.....

diation, but there we must stop.

When a new measure is proposed to intelligent people, their first inquiry is whether it has ever been tested by experience and whether the result has been favorable. Abolition of negro servitude is no untried theory. It is an experiment which has been tried on a large scale under a variety of circumstances and the results are well known. We do not speak of the possibilities of emancipation-o. wisely matured schemes that might be devised, but which have not been seen in operation. nothing left of its name or people but the little We speak of headlong emancipation or aboliion, which proceeds upon the idea that negro slavery is essentially wrong and ought to be discontinued as speedily as possible, whether re can or cannot substitute a better condition.

The great teacher, Experience, has furnished s a lesson on this subject, which we are imeratively required to heed, if we would save ar people from ruin and degradation. In the United States, Jamaica, and Hayti, negro mancipation has been thoroughly tried.

In the United States it has converted a class of industrious and orderly laborers, who contributed largely to our national wealth, into a 'lazy, vicious, and ignorant" class, furnishing six times as many criminals in proportion to population as the white race; filling our jails and almshouses, and dring under every condition of destitution and disease in our large cities, twice as fast as any other population. Depending on the casual patronage of white men as barbers, servants, coachmen, and irregular day-laborers, they fill a few of the crevices of life, and are not in the way; but, as they seldom engage in any occupation requiring intelligence, forethought, and persevering energy, they furnish no substantial strength to any community, and just in proportion as their numbers increase they crowd out more valuable population, injure the tone of society, degrade respectable neighborhoods, and increase the amount of pauperism and the number of po

by every possible course which is honorable, we licemen and jails that are requisite. How utterly calamitous abolition has proved THE GOSPORT NAVY YARD .- The Boston to both races, where it has been tried on a large scale, we see in Jamaica. The ingeof that city, has completed a contract with the nuity of abolitionists has been exerted in perverting facts to suit their theories, but the condition of Jamaica is a great fact which they cannot conceal. We have the authority of the most intelligent abolitionists for the ruinous effects of abolition in Jamaica.

Mr. Bigelow, an Editor of that able abolition paper, the New York Evening Post, visited Jamaica in 1850. He says:

"It is difficult to exaggerate, and still more difficult to define the poverty and industrial prostration of Jamaica. The natural wealth and spontaneous productiveness of the island are so great that no one can starve, and yet it seems as if the faculty of accumulation were suspended. The productive power of the soil is running to waste; the finest land in the world may be had almost for the asking; labor receives no compensation; and the product of labor does not seem to know the way to market."

He further says that in 1850 there were "400,000 acres of sugar and coffee plantations" diately made to put her outside the Federal lines. Should she return she would be treated as a spy. Gallaway was the Editor of the Avalanche and nefficiently dangerous man. When he departed he left Mrs. Gallaway as a spy and correspondent. Her splendid house will probably be turned over to the military for a hospital, or other purposes. Mrs. Gallaway was to have left the city last evening for Jeff Thompson's lines.

Gen Grant The letter as a spy. Gallaway was the Editor of the Avalanche and the left Mrs. Gallaway as a spy and correspondent. Her splendid house will probably be turned over to the military for a hospital, or other purposes. Mrs. Gallaway was to have left the city last evening for Jeff Thompson's lines.

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tention of the contractor to raise her by means of "400,000 acres of sugar and coffee plantations nothing rebel in exchange.

combination of soil and climate as any country in the world-with all the necessary means of prosperity in improved farms, live stock, plantation machinery, &c., with a superabundance of land, and with no difficulty in the way but the ignorance and indolence of its less than 400,000 negro inhabitante, whose demencing the work; he will employ something like generacy fills their friends with fears of re

The British Governor, Sir George Grev.

"The fertility of its soil, and fitness both for tillage and pasturage, the richness and variety of its vegetable products, the alternations of mountain raised the steamer life from thise life in 1854, and has been engaged in other submarine operations. We understand he is to commence operations at once, and is to receive 45 per cent salvage from the Government in the value of the property recovered.

The receive 45 per cent salvage from the Government in the value of the property recovered.

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The receive 45 per cent salvage from the Government in the value of the property recovered.

The receive 45 per cent salvage from the given and valley, the numerous hot springs and medical waters, the known existence of various and value able minerals, the timber and ornamental woods of its forests, the abundance and variety of fish on its coasts and neighboring reefs, indicate peculiar facilities for the promotion of the future welfare and prosperity of its inhabitants, and waters, the known existence of various and value waters, the abundance and variety of fish on its coasts and neighboring reefs, indicate peculiar facilities for the promotion of the future welfare and prosperity of its inhabitants, and waters, the known existence of various and value waters, th vill not be permitted to relapse into utter ba Graves, in the vicinity of Simpsonville, was ba killed by being thrown from a horse, one of his

Such is the fate of a model abolitionized ommunity, where the effects of abolition were disturbed as little as possible by the presence of the white man—the white population being f Mr. John Reardon fell out of a second story only about one-tenth of the whole. This acwindow of his residence, in Shelbyville, to the counts for the rapid degeneracy of the blacks, pavement. Although severely injured, it was their decline in religion, and partial relapse to their African superstitions and Fetichism, as Robert J. Elliott, Esq., who is a candidate described in English publications. More than for Clerk of the County Court, having been six hundred estates, which gave employment to 50,000 laborers, have been abandoned, and ment, repels the accusation in a card which will all that the British Government has tried has been unavailing to save the island. Ruin The new Governmental Department of Agstares in the face of the traveller everywhere. riculture is to go into operation immediately, Kingston, which once contained 80,000 proswith Isaac Newton, of Pennsylvania, as Comperous inhabitants living in beautiful style, missioner, and Richard C. McCormick, of New now contains but 40,000 poverty-stricken people, mainly consisting of what an English We are gratified to learn that Charles G.

resident happily called "liberty-crippled ne-Smith, Esq., will resume the publication of his groes." The effects of abolition in Hayti, where it is in the city making arrangements for the re- has had a seventy years' trial, have been as iserable as in Jamaica. In the last sixty years ten arbitrary despots have succeeded each other and governed the people by the power of armies composed of dirty, ragged, barefoot negroes. Tired of the strife and disorder of their negro government the eastern half of the island (which is rather the larger in extent) has seceded and applied to Spain for the priv-Commodore Foote writes from New Haven, lilege of annexation to a white man's govern-

whites the exports of Hayti were worth \$48,-000,000; now, after about seventy years of growth (such growth as free negro communities have) the exports of Hayti are worth but quest of the Board of Trade for the information of \$8,000,000. While the negro community has parties desiring to send goods to points in Tennes- thus declined, our white republic has in the see, or other States heretofore declared in insur- same period increased about eight fold in its rection, and with which trade is restricted. The population, wealth, and commerce.

Where once was widespread prosperity and plendor in an island justly called the "Queen of Antilles" we now see filth and rags. The city of St. Domingo, which, more than three enturies ago was pronounced more splendid than any city in Spain, is now occupied by about 8,000 negroes and a few white traders. Its splendid mansions have crumbled into decay, its walls and fortifications are decaying ander weeds-its streets broken up and filthy, and its principal reliance for cleanliness is the huge flocks of turkey buzzards which continually hover about, and the dogs and hogs which dispute possession of the houses with the inmates. No new houses are built by the negroes, excepting a few huts in the suburbs, covered with palmleaf thatch. Such is the

description given by an abolitionist, a correspondent of the New York Evening Post. Negro freedom in Hayti, as eyerywhere else, aralyzed industry. An English writer says: Almost all traces of laborious culture were an election to be held on the 4th day of August, to fill the vacancy.

SAD ACCIDENT.—While a national salute was being fired at Mill Creek, near Grand Haven, Mich., on the 4th, a young lady named Britton was almost instantly killed by the bursting of a cannon, just as the school children were forming in procession to celebrate the day.

The An attempt was made to burn the village of Fulton, Whiteside county, Ill., on the evening of the 3d, by an incendiary, with rags saturated with kerosene and burning fluid. The flames soon obliterated, large tracts which had been few scattering plantations. In 1789 Hayti ex- TAPESTRY, VELVET, ENGLISH BRUSSELS, Franklin, in a work upon the condition of Hayti, says: "There appears eyery reason to apprehend that it will recede into irrecovera
BROCATELLE, SATIN DAMASK, LACE, and MUS-LIN CURTAIN MATERIALS of every description; all of which will be rold at the very lowest advance on Eastern cost for OASH ONLY.

GEO. W. SMALL, Successor to Hite & Small,

eems as incapable of anything respectable as its lazy and ignorant subjects. [REMAINDER TO MORROW.] HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATION.

THE ARMY OF THE SOUTHWEST .- We copy the following from a recent letter of a Louisville correspondent of the Chicago Tribune:

The idleness of the armies in the Southwest is astonishing everybody here. The city is full of men and officers on leave of absence. It is not to be wondered at that the President wants 300,000 be wondered at that the President wants 300,000 more men for the purpose of occupying the positions already gained. The truth is that there are enough officers lounging about the country to garrison half the important positions which Halleck has taken. I am free to confess I think any General who would take such time, and perform such herculean labors as Halleck did, for the mere purpose of divulging the fact of the evacuation of Corinth, would find it a terrible task to garrison a conquered country of a few hundred miles' frontier with only about 130,000 men. As an instance of the enormous number of absentees from regiments in Halleck's department, I may mention the fact that the names of 275 privates are advertised in the Journal as being absent from the 12-th

ments in Halleck's department, I may mention the fact that the names of 275 privates are advertised in the Journal as being absent from the 12th Kentucky alone. At this rate the absentees from Halleck's army would, if collected and organized, make an army of 44 450 men! Quite a nice army with which to hold and possess the important points on the Mississippi; or it would be quite sufficient to send against Vicksburg, and reduce it. Or it might open the Arkansas river and feed Curtis, who is reported starving, though nobody believes it. Or it might reach the railroads of Georgia in time to cut off the Richmond army. Forty four thousand absentees from 166 regiments! Is not the proportion awful!

This idleness on the part of the armies in the Southwest is more notoworthy from the fact that the leaders are perfectly aware of the concentration of rebel forces at Vicksburg, an account of which I have sent you a day or two since. The opening of the river becomes highly important in view of the increasing demand of the Northwest for an outlet of trade and commerce—from the fact that Curtis can then be provisioned and that Butler can also be provisioned at a cheaper rate direct from the fountain of all army supplies, the Western prairies. And that the gunboats cannot reduce the position of Vicksburg will soon be determined. But as yet we have no demonstration toward that point by land forces under Halleck. reduce the position of vicksburg will soon be de-termined. But as yet we have no demonstration toward that point by land forces under Halleck. That worthy sits at Corinth in idleness, apparent-ly contented with the glory won by the inditing the celebrated despatches from Corinth in which he so graphically gave the opinions of Generals Buell and Pope, but never committed himself.

AFFAIRS AT MEMPHIS .- A special despatch to the Chicago Tribune, dated Memphis, July 7, contains the following:

Col. Hillyer issued a special order this more ing that, if any proprietor or occupant of any building shall display a treasonable flag or other emblem intended as an insult to the Federal army or loyal citizens, the provost marshal shall take possession of such building, remove occupants, nd convert the same to hospital or other gov

and convert the same to hospital or other government uses.

A color d mail carrier was arrested yesterday, and a large number of letters to parties in the city were taken from him, fastening treasonable correspondence upon several citizens, who will be looked after. The negro tried to escape, but was caught. Mrs. Gallaway, wife of the late Memphian postmaster Gallaway, was arrested yesterday for carrying on treasonable correspondence with the rebels. Several letters from men in the army to persons here were found, also letters addressed to rebel officers were found in her house. In accordance with the late military order, preparations were immediately made to put her outside the Federal lines. Should she return she would be treated as a spy. Gallaway was the Editor of the Avalanche and an efficiently dangerous man. When he departed

It was rumored at Grenada, the day before our The most urgent petitions have been repeatedly presented to the English Parliament to do something for the relief of Jamaica!

Mississippi Central Railroad, between Grenada and Grand Junction, and would retake Memphis, to do something for the relief of Jamaica!

On Saturday, Jeff. Thompson was at Senatoba, forty miles from Memphis, from which point the Yes, for the relief of a country with as fine a informant had to walk. He (Thompson) was busi ly engaged with his whole force trying to prevent persons from coming toward Memphis. Nearly all the Government stores had been

moved from Grenada. GOVERNOR WICKLIFFE'S LAST SPEECH.—The TAKE NO MORE BALSAM, MERCURY. Washington correspondent of the New York Journal of Commerce, writing on the 6th inst., says: all of Commerce, writing on the 6th inst., says:
Gov. Wickliffs made—a thle sneed vesterday
in the House of Representatives, on the report of
Gen. Hunter, in which that officer admits the organization of "contrabands" into the "1st South
Carolina regiment," of which, I understand, a
son of Senator Fessenden of Maine is the Colonel.
Gov. Wickliffe is one of the few remaining Congressional orators of the old school, who el quentted iconservations and the colonel of the colonel gressional orders of the off-scales, who are questionally discuss whatever question may be under consideration, with methodical and logical precision, combined with graceful courtesy. On this occasion, the venerable Kentuckiun even exceeded the expectations of his friends, but few other members of the House even listened to what he said

The Evarsville (Ind.) Journal gives the following illustration of the fruits of careless writing by a telegraph operator: A business man of this city tolegraphed to the

A business man of this city tolegraphed to the Captain of a steamboat that he had no tobacco to ship. The work "no" was written in such a manner as to be readily mistaken for 300, and was so read by the Captain. Pleased with the idea of a fine cargo, he gets up steam, and runs down here with all possible despatch, when lo! he discovered he had been sell by the careless writing of the THE CANAL AT VICKSBURG. - A correspondent

of the Missouri Republican says: We visited last evening the proposed canal. Hundreds of negroes were busily at work with spades, chattering like blackbirds at their task. Grave questions concerning the country's state man could easily be, yet the quarters for them on the plantations around here would surprise the classes North by their comfortable appear poorer classes North by their confortable appearance, while the slave occupants care little apparently about changing their condition. The mistress of one plantation visited by us sat alone in her house, slaves and huband both fled, the grounds a waste of weeds, and her ruined home

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NFORM their friends that they continue to keep a yery full and complete stock of BOOTS and SHOES of every variety of style and quality, and invite the attention of their old customers and merchants generally, which they offer upon the best terms, and solicit a call of buyers or orders. Jud dem D.C.BRADY&CO., Successors to CLIFFORD & Co., General Grocery, Produce, Forward-

ing, and Commission Merchants, LOUISVILLE, KY. FROM OUR THOROUGH KNOWLEDGE AND long experience in the above businers, we feel confident that we can give satisfaction. We shall sell for each only. All who favor us with consignments can

Will. S. Hays's Popular Songs, Will. S. Hays's a tolling the will be been second and Third. I am looking for Him home, with beautiful title page

Harry, the Beau of Mohawk Vale; Answer to Bonnie t Southern Wagon (Union). 25c. us be Friends Forever. 25c. Little Ones at Home. 25c.

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S. P. STERETT. FOR SALE ONLY by
H. FERGUSON & SON,
194 Fifth street, one door north of Market. PRINTS.

1,000 CASES AMERICAN PRINTS, difference by brands, for sale at the market price by JAMES LOW & CO., iy8 208 and 210 west side Sixth st. GEO. W. SMALL, MAIN STRKET, NEAR FOURTH, day, Jnne 24, a new and splendid

UNPRINCIPLED DEALERS,
who endeavor to dispose 'OF THEIR OWN" and
"OTHER" ARTICLES ON THE REPUTATION ATTAINED BY
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE PREPARATIONS,
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU,
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HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU,
HELMBOLD'S GENUINE EXTRACT BUCHU, WI L open this day, Jnne 24, a new and splendid

Old-established Warehouse, No. 827 Main st., bet. Third and Pourth PIANOS.

HELMBOLD'S REMEDIES.

MEDICAL

Dr. WM. PRICE.

Having been established in Louis ville for the last 15 years, and having had alarge practice in the treatment of the following diseases:

Scrofula, Cancer, Piles, Sore Eyes, Syphilis, Fistula, and to romove the horrible consequences of Onanism or Self-pollution, has given him proof to sustain any statement of the highest character—such men as Dr. W. L. Breckinridge, Judges J. R. Underwood, Leving, Capt. W. S. D. Megowan.

JOSEPH YOUCE.

[HARDIN CO., KY.]

I had a negro man with Fistula, and he was cured

Dr. Price in three weeks.

WM. BAED.

I am a healthy and happy man, having been cure from the horrid effects of Onanism. A CITIZEN.

Dr. Price cured an aggravated case of Piles for a negro man of Mrs. Bard, of Nelson county. He was so enfeebled that the could scarcely walk. I would not have
given a dollar for bim. He was cured of the piles in
six weeks and restored to health. He has been well
about two years.

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SELTZER APERIENT

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It may be used with the best effect in
Billous and Febrile Diseases, Costiveness, Sick
Headache, Nausea, Loss of Appetite, Indigestion, Ascidity of the Stomach,
Torpidity of the Liver, Gout,
Rheumatic Affections,
Gravel, Piles,

And all Complaints where a Gentle and Cooling

Aperient or Purgative is Required.

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the name of DR. LA CROLK.

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NOTICE.

DESERTED from company L 1st regiment Kentuck; Cavalry, U. S. A., Samuel D. Dick, Andrew Fulcher, Jesee Edwards, Richard Faulkner, and Marion Holt, all having homes in Pulaski county, Ky. The usual reward will be paid for their apprehension and delivery to military authority.

GROVESTEEN & HALE, having removed to their

No. 478 BROADWAY, are now prepared to offer the public a magnificale full

70CTAVE ROSEWOOD PIANO

containing all improvements known in this country of Europe, over-strung bass, French grand action, has pedal, full iren frame, for

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Warranted for 5 Years.

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all warranted made of the best seasoned material and to stand better than any sold for \$400 or \$500 by the old methods of manufacture. We invite the best judges to examine and try these new instruments, and we stand ready at all times to test them with any others manufactured in this country.

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This valuable and popular Medicine has universectived the most favorable recommendation of the MEDICAL PROFESSION and the PUBLIC AS the most EFFICIENT AND

"HIGHLY CONCENTRATED" COMPOUND FLUID EXTRACT BUCHU. A Positive and Specific Remedy For Diseases of the BLADDER.

LOUISVILLE, KENTUCKY, FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1862.

GRAVEL, and

ABSORBENTS into healthy action By which the
WATERY OR CALCARGUS DEPOSITION
And all
INNATURAL ENLARGEMENTS ARE REDUCED

PAIN AND INFLAMMATION. H

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EXTRACT BUCHU
For Weakness
Arising from Excesses, Habits of Dissipation, Early Indiscretion or Abuse
ATTENDED WIFH THE FOLLO WING
8YMPTOMS:

Indisposition to Exertion,
Loss of Memory,
Weak Nerves,
Horror of Disease,
Dimness of Vision,
Hot Hands,
Dryness of the Skin,
Loss of Power,
Difficulty of Breathing,
Trembling,
Wakefulness,
Pain in the Back,
Flushing of the Body,
Eruptions on the Face.
PALLID COUNTENANCE,

FATUITY, Who can say that they are not frequently followed by

"DIREFUL DISEASES," AND CONSUMPTION?"

Many are aware of the cause of their suffering.
BUT NONE WILL CONFESS.
THE RECORDS OF THE INSANE ASYLUMS

MELANCHOLY DEATHS BY CONSUMPTION BEAB AMPLE WITNESS TO THE TRUTH OF THE ASSERTION THE CONSTITUTION ONCE AFFECTED WITE ORGANIC WEAKNESS Requires the aid of medicine to STRENGTHEN INVIGORATE THE SYSTEM,

HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU INVARIABLY DOES. MEDICAL INFIRMARY WILL CONVINCE THE MOST SKEPTICAL.

where those afflicted with any form of PRIVATE DISEASE can receive prompt treatment without risk or exposure, viz: Syphilis, Gonorrhea, Gleet Strictures, Ulcers, Tumors, Cancers, Secondary and Constitutional Siphilis, Diseases of the Kidneys, etc. By this system it is as entirely under the control of medicine as is a common cold or simple fever; and, while inefficient persons are daily sending away their patients in hopelessness, and giving them up only, from their own incompetency, complete and permanent cures are constantly being effected at the Infirmary.

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IN MANY AFFECTIONS PECULIAR TO FEMALES
THE EXTRACT BUCHU unequalled by any other remedy, as in Chlorosis tention, Irregularity, Painfulness, or Suppressionary Execution, Ulcerated or Scirrhous state NO FAMILY SHOULD BE WITHOUT IT!

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DANGEROUS DISEASES HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU AND IMPROVED ROSE WASH THIS CLASS OF DISEASES In all their Stages, At Little Expense, Little or no change in Diet, No inconveni

NO EXPOSURE.
IT CAUSES A FREQUENT DESIRE THEREBY GIVES STRENGTH TO URINATE, REMOVING OBSTRUCTIONS, PREVENTING AND CURING STRICTURES OF THE URETHA,
ALLAYING PAIN AND INFLAMMATION,

So frequent in this class of diseases, and expelling ALL IM TROPER DISCHARGES.
THOUSANDS
UPON

and who have paid
HEAVY FEES
to be cured in a short time THEY WERE DECEIVED BY THE USE OF 'POWERFUL ASTRINGENTS,"

DRIED UP
IN THE SYSTEM
TO BREAK OUT IN
AN AGGRAVATED FORM,

USE HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU FOR ALL AFFECTIONS AND DISEASES OF THE URINARY ORGANS, whether existing in MALE OR FEMALE, from whatever cause or iginating, and no matter of HOW LONG STANDING.

Diseases of these Organs require the state of these Organs require the state of the HELMBOLD'S EXTRACT BUCHU IS THE GREAT DIURETIC, AND IS CERTAIN
TO HAVE THE
DESIRED EFFECT
IN ALL DISEASES
FOR WHICH
IT IS RECOMMENDED.
EVIDENCE OF THE MOST KESPONSIBLE
AND RELIABLE CHARACTER
will accompany the medicines.

EVIDENCE
AND RELIABLE.
AND RELIABLE.
AND RELIABLE.
RECOMPANY the mediciner,
RETIFICATES OF CURES
FROM 8 TO 20 YEARS' STANDING,
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[OTT.]

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I had a two-five weeks.

[GOLOONDA, U.L.]

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I warrant to cure all cases of Onanism.

Medicines or directions always on hand. Will be rent if ordered for each.

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Young men who are troubled with weakness, generally caused by a bad habit in youth, the effects of which are dizziness, pains, forgetfoliness, sometimes a ringing in the ears, weak syes, weakness of the back and lower extremities, confusion of ideas, loss of memory, with melancroly, may be cured by the anthor's NEW FARIS AND LONDON TREATMENT.

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Medic, nes with full directions sent to any part of the United States or Canadas, by patients communicating their symtoms by letter. Suriness correspondence strictly confidential.

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It is well known to the public at large that she was the first and she is now the only person in this country who can show the likeness in reality, and who can give entire satisfaction on all the concerns of life, which can be attested and proved by thousands, both married and single, who daily and eagerly visit her. To all in business her advice is invaluable. She can foretel, with the greatest advice is invaluable. She can foretel, with the greatest certainty, the result of all commercial and business transactions. Madsme Snell is a bonafide Astrologist of the nineteenth century. Some ladies may be a little timid, though they need not fear, for she practices nothing but what is reconcilable to philosophers; in fact a single visit will satisfy the most lastidious of her respectability, moral rectitude, and of the purity of her profession and practice. All interviews are strictly private and confidential; therefore come, one—come, all.

If Thiese reduced to suit the times Laddee one dollar; sentlement two dollars.

P. S.—Madame Snell will tell the names and ages of all visitors, and will also cast their Horoscope and give them their nativity, also tell the place where they will be most fortunate. Every person who cannot get along in this world and has bad luck should be in possession for her Horoscope and get her written oplnion of his future prospect in life.

\*\*E\*\*Madame Snell is the only one that can make DR. HUFFLAND'S LIFE ESSENCE pure, which can only be had at her office, 509 Eighth street. She can also find out through her secret all circumstances of sickness and tell what will cure, as there are roots growing

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SOFT FELT HATS, all colors and grades just LADD'S, 331 Main st. An invoice of STIFF BRIM HATS, low and medium crowns, received this day per express at LADD'S, 331 Main st.

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S. G. HENRY & CO., A UCTIONEERS and COMMISSION MERCHANTS corner of Main and Wall streets, Lonisville, Ky. any amount.

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Real Estate, Marshal's or Constable's Sales, Household
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MISCELLANEOUS.

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WE WILL OFFER OUR ENTIRE STOCK OF SUMMER DRESS GOODS at a VERY LARGE REDUCTION until the close of the season. DOMESTICS. New York Mills Shirting; Wamsutta Semper Idem Lonsdale English Long-Cloth; 10-4 super Bleached Sheeting; 10-4 heavy brown 10-4 and 12-4 Linen Sheeting: Pillew Cotton and Linen; Marseilles and Honeycomb Quilts:

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The above oils are of our own make, and will be sold low.

Wm. SKENE & Co., Bullitt street.

COAL OIL LAMPS OF every description. Dealers supplied at low rates may 29 jbdw Wm. SKENE & Co., Bullitt street.

50 DOZEN LINEN HEMSTITCHED BANDKER CHIEFS at only 15 cents spiece, cheapest and best ever sold;
Patent Fluting-Irons;
Surpice Ruffler;
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Just received at CHARLES F. RAUCHFUSB'S
j27 j&b Cheap Lace Store, 309 Fourth st. COAL! COAL PITTSBURG, PEACH OROHARD, HARTFORD CITY

COAL! COAL Of the best quality and at the lowest prices, for sale by CRITTENDEN & GANTT, West side of Third street, between Main and Market Pargny's Restaurant.

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I HAVE re-opened my RESTAURANT at the corner Third and J-fferson streets, and refitted it in all its departments with elegance and comfort. All the delicacies of the season will be served to order. There will COMMODIOUS LADIES' SALOON, Entirely separated from the Gentlemen's Restand where ICE CREAMS, SHERBETS, & FRUITS,

HAVANA CIGARS, SOFT SHELL CRABS, FIRST OF THE SEASON,

> ST. CHARLES RESTAURANT. 00-00-00 Fresh Soft Shell Crabs

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113 j&b Third et., between Main and Market. ENVELOPS. CHARLES W. BAKER, Patent Machine Made Envelops,

Expressly adapted to the wants of the Jobbing Trade CHAS W. BAKER,
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Gardner Greenleaf, 12 Guns, Pistols, &c.

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North side Market, between Tenth and Bleventh sts. Corner Seventh and Broadway streets. We have on the lat of July opened a new Drig Establishment on the corner of Seventh and Broadway, which will be kept complete in all its various branches. The patronage of the public is respectfully solicited for both 128 dimensions.

Engines and Boilers for Sale. OFFER FOR SALE THE ENGINES AND BOILERS
of the stemmers James Woods and James Johnson as
they now lie at the Nashville wharf. There are five
Boilers, 26 feet long, 40 inches; and four Boilers, 16
feet long, 40 inches, all made of Cumberland and Tennessee Mill boiler i on of the best quality. The Engines
are two 23 inch cylinders, 10 feet stroke, and two 24-inch A good supply of SILK and CASSIMERE HATS

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H. T. YEATMAN, No. 28 Market et., Nashvill Seine Twine, Trot-Lines, &c.

850 LBS Seine Twine of different sizes; 300 lbs Trot-Lines; 200 lbs Staging; 1,000 lbs Cotton Wrapping Twine-Just received and for sale by PEARL AND BROWN LEBEAU HATS, very

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GEO. D. PRENTICE, Editors. OLIVER LUCAS, Local Editor and Reporter. For Judge of Court of Appeals,

R. K. WILLIAMS,

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 1862.

THE SIX DAYS .- As the tidings of this sharp series of conflicts come in, we begin to appreciate the old Greek valor displayed by our entire army. It is fairly entitled to all historic honors. Never did men more courage. ously sustain their cause under such trying circumstances. The crafty enemy, watching every movement with a lynx-eye and a tiger's crouch, precipitated at different times and places an aggregate force of at least 200,000 upon the rear divisions of our army, with the nmistakable purpose of utterly and completely eradicating it if it lay within the loins of their desperation. Hence this rapid succession of fierce onslaughts, repeated day after day during the entire week by the entire available force of the enemy in Virginia. "Attack, rout, and annihilate them in wheeling." Such was the obvious policy at Richmond. But if we are not very much mistaken in the wreck dose of gunpowder gives a man courage, but, and ruin of Confederate divisions, brigades, if the rebels find themselves under the necesand regiments, which our heroic army sity of resorting to such contemptible means has left behind it in its change of flanks, of getting themselves into fighting trim, they the Chickahominy will never be taken may as well stop crowing about chivalry. even by the most exhilarated member of the Richmond contraption for Bull Run. Now, as we draw in our minds the map of the ground fought over, and survey its aspects in the temporary lull of the unfinished contest, we discover, first, that the grand design to overwhelm us in making this most hazardous of all military manœuvres has utterly failed. And, secondly, that we have made the movement, joined the gunboats, and are whole and hale upon the river James. And, finally, the reckless, overweening, overwhelming enemy has been fearfully repulsed, and quietly acknowledges how much the pricks he has kicked against have hurt him, by not kicking against them for the present any more. As for the advantages of position gained by As for the advantages of position gained by a for the magnificent Union procession, with its streaming banners, passed by. This was right fully pressed that Mr. Gladstone, in a recent speech at Manchester, stated that the Union was but a copartnership, dissoluble whenever passion or caprice prompted, in any of the parties, a desire to withdraw. That eminent states man, if, for a moment, we adopt his theory—overlooked or interest the magnificent Union procession, with the fully pressed that Mr. Gladstone, in a recent speech at Manchester, stated that the Union was but a copartnership, dissoluble whenever passion or caprice prompted, in any of the parties, a desire to withdraw. That eminent states man, and the procession of the parties a this dangerous but as is generally unavoidable movement, they are self-evident and as momentous as they are numerous. Our young Captain says that he can render the new base, in a very brief time, impregna ble to all that can be brought against it. The certain gunboats, and James river for supplies and reinforcements instead of the precarious roads and swamps and stream of the old base; and, moreover, if an early attack should be practicable, as McClellan seems to vouchsafe in his stirring proclamation of the Fourth, the interminable fortification which the rebels built between the owner pas and Richmond, and which they fondly hoped to make the catacombs of the Union, will al be so them little more than a warlike version and repetition of "Love's Labor Lost." Such are the paramount advantages of the situation we have won. The great flank-shift, then, has been triumphantly effected in the very jaws

doubtedly, then, the Confederates were utterly defeated in their main object. In regard to the special advantages gained by the two armies, the beams about balance It seems, on the whole, extraordinary, consider ing the proverbial difficulty of this movement that there is, if any, so little preponderance in favor of the enemy. We lost some guns and colors, and took some. We may have lost more prisoners than they, but all accounts concur that they lost a third more than we by the casualties of battle. Jackson and Rhett were killed by the admission of their own reporters, and probably many others of their best officers. Certainly the drunken divisions which from time to time they hurled upon our deliberately retiring wings were in almost every instance smashed into helpless and ineffectual fragments, and driven off, as in the case of Longstreet's division, fearfully decimated, and in a state of almost total disorganization. The rebel reports themselves admit the loss of 30,-000 men in these cruel contests.

of a perfectly-informed, vigilant, out-number

ing foe, and this in spite of his amazing di-

mensions and the most desperate and terrible

demonstrations of which he was capable. He

has not at all achieved what military science

Quite the contrary; he was, in every engage-

ment that occurred during the six days, held

in check for the most part by covering forces.

and finally, on Tuesday, utterly and appalling-

ly repulsed. In fine, McClellan did just what

he set out to do, and the rebels did not. Un-

The fact is, while they are perfectly aware that we have victoriously gained the position which will inevitably give us Richmond, and that they were repulsed with terrific loss in the last struggles, and retreated very much as at catch the runaway niggers' masters. Pittsburg Landing, they have not forgotten the Corinthian complacency to claim a great victory. Far be from us any solicitude to deprive them of their only consolation. Meanwhile, it will be perfectly palpable to all who have a single military cell in their eye-lenses that we are now in the right position to reach out the right hand and take what belongs to from the vasty land, and lo! they are gatherus. viz: Richmond and all that it contains, the ling in vasty multitudes. machine, its machinators, and all its haneful machinations. We have the army, the men, and the means to do it. Let McClellan b promptly and generously reinforced. Let all essary supplies for the succor of his army go right up the James river without a moment's delay, and we have not the least doub that, on his part, he will forthwith make good his spirited declaration of the 4th: "On this, our national birthday, we declare to our foes, who are rebels against the best interests of mankind, that this army shall enter their

All the rebel preachers of Nashville were ordered to the penitentiary preparatory to being sent South. It is to be hoped, for the sake of the souls of the other prisoners, that they were kept apart from them.

"Why did you come back?" asked a sleek, well-fed Huntsville rebel of a poor, sick, half-starved soldier returned from the rebel army. "Why don't you go?" replied the soldier.

The Vicksburg rebels will soon be able to gratify their curiosity by a thorough examination of the present bed of the Mississippi in front of their city.

The rebels have no good liquor to treat with, but first rate legs to retreat with.

REBEL LYING. - A gentleman of Jefferson ounty writes to us that the secessionists of the county state that we are "paid a nice sum by Rebellion is a thing as unfit to be talked as the Government or Lincoln" to continue our | to be acted. present political course, and that they give the name of a certain prominent merchant of this city for the truth of the statement. We do not believe that the merchant in question, although

we shall attend to his case very promptly.

The same friend in the county writes that the secessionists, to destroy the influence of the Journal, allege that a number of influential citizens waited on us last winter and urged us to continue our censures of Cameron's policy, and that we refused, assigning as a reason a fear of the loss of patronage. Except for the especial request of our correspondent, we should scorn to contradict such miserable

lies. No citizens, influential or uninfluential, ever called to urge us to one course or another in regard to Cameron's policy, and we have, from the time that pestilent policy was suggested by its author up to the present, opposed it as earnestly and vehemently as we did at first. If the slanders against us are repeated, let the names of the slanderers be given, and we will set "the mark of the beast" upon their foreheads. To call them dogs were a base libel on those honest quadrupeds.

"BOY BRITTAN."-We are indebted to Prof. S. B. Brittan for a steel engraving of the fated young hero, whose bravery will go down the stream of time in poetry and story, along with the most chivalric incidents of this ivil war. Those who have read of his daring and his endurance will be delighted to possess such a memorial of one of the most beautiful and gifted of the many youths who sealed their devotion to their country with their blood. The Banner of Light informs us that the engraving is to be sold at half a dollar, and the proceeds are to go to the erection of a suitable monument over his mortal part in Rosendale Cemetery. A committee have this matter in their own charge, and will thus devote not only all proceeds of these sales, but any additional contributions that may be made by sympathizing friends also. The beautiful patriot soul should have its grave marked worthily.

It is stated that in the fight before Rich. mond the canteens of the rebels were found filled with whisky and gunpowder. There is an old notion that the swallowing of a heavy

We always endeavor to remedy evils, except when avarice or selfishness prevent our judgments. Therefore when change becomes scarce people make it more so by hearding it up, though the proper policy would be to let loose every imprisoned dime, half dime, three cent piece, and mickle.

city on the 4th a number of rebels locked and barred their houses and closed their blinds as And, finally, the reckless, overweening, over- the magnificent Union procession, with its

> Is it not proper for their extremities to be in a pair of drawers?—Democrat. Certainly not. One extremity is enough fo

one pair of drawers. The rebel Gen. Longstreet at Richmone dvises his troops to "aim low." We advise every Union soldier-

Be just, and fear not; Let all the ends thou aim'st at be thy country's, Thy God's, and truth's; then if thou fallest, Thou fallest a blessed martyr.

It is strange that the political orators of licksburg don't take the country on the ground that ch internal improvements are unconstitu ional. Every stump in that whole region should be all ablaze upon this question.

Gen. Butler has issued an order at New Orleans forbidding the admission of laundresses to the quarters of the men. It is probably hought a great hardship that the poor soldiers can't have a chance to court their washer women. What will Parliament say?

Col. Blanton Duncan has advertised a new work on "the Uniform and Dress of the Confederate army," intended for the instruction of tailors. If it takes nine tailors to make a man, how many Blanton Duncans would it take to make a tailor?

It is reported that Jeff Davis contem plates a day of thanksgiving. He will influence the course of Providence by his thanksgivings and fasts as much as a billiard-player does the ourse of a ball by running his tongue out of We are almost beginning to think that

nother rap on Sumner's head wouldn't be amiss. But the rap should not be given in the Senate chamber. Let not the rapper rap his Senatorship but his Sumnership.

onstitutional rights. We suppose they want the constitutional rights that are enjoyed in such beautiful and undisturbed perfection in the rebel Confederacy.

Although the secessionists and the abotionists seem to pull in different directions. their tails, like those of Sampson's foxes, are oined with fire-brands to wrap the country in

The Commander of the Mississippi ctilla is requested to appoint an agent for the Louisville Journal in that city and send the Vigilance Committee to our custody.

We don't know that our soldiers should take any particular pains to catch the rebels' runaway niggers, but they should certainly The Memphis Avalanche states that

Gen. George B. Crittenden was court-martialed, and, after the making up of the verdict, permitted to resign. The Government has not "called spirits

If neither Great Britain, France, nor pain will receive the rebel Confederacy as a

rom the vasty deep," but it has called heroes

colony, perhaps Mexico will-or the Sandwich or Tongo Islands. The Editor of the Knoxville Register says that he never fights with straws. He

would probably fight as well with a straw as with a sword. It is said that the town of Napoleon Ark., has become "a perfect hell." A very

slight addition of fire and sulphur was redesolate our land. Therefore let us so prose-

cute this as to remove all danger of another. The Mobile Register says that "the Federals roar with disappointment." Federals and lions roar, rebels and wolves howl.

Whilst the rebels are fighting against us, our armies in the West and Southwest eed their living and bury their dead. Many of the rebels have had a hard lot -been chased hundreds of miles and then sent

to Camp Chase. This rebellion would reduce us to the ondition from which the revolution delivered

Let our secessionists make note of one truth as interesting to themselves as to others:

LETTER FROM THURLOW WEED .- When this gentleman returned from Europe recently, where he had been sent on a confidential mission t remedy the misconceptions occasioned by the a rebel, has ever uttered or authorized any false representations of secession emissaries, he such pitiful scandal. If we find that he has, was the recipient of complimentary resolutions and the freedom of the city of New York from its councils. In reply, he sent the following letter, which cannot fail to interest every reader:

GENTLEMEN: I receive, with a grateful sense of the honor they confer, the very flattering resolutions adopted by the Common Council of our commercial metropolis. I accept them, frankly and proudly, as emanations rather of your own generous constructions than as marited by any ALBANY, July 1, 1862. generous constructions than as merited by any service it may have been in my power to render

If, during a temporary residence in Europe, If, during a temporary residence in Europe, have been enabled, in some degree, to relieve the complications in which our affairs were involved; to do something toward vindicating our Government from upjust as parsions; or to aid in turning back the tide of popular sentiment setting so strongly against our cause, it was owing to the prompt and generous confidence reposed in me by our distinguished representatives in England and France. In bearing testimony, as is both a duty and a pleasure, to the ability and fidelity of Mr. Adams and Mr. Dayton, I cannot forbear to add Adams and Mr. Dayton, I cannot forbear to add that, rising above considerations which might have disturbed ministers less truly devoted to their country, they not only accepted unofficial co-operation but disembarrassed my colleagues and myself by cheerfully facilitating our efforts. It is a pleasure, also, to add that, on several occasions and in essential ways, I was efficiently aided by Mr. Sanford, our indefatigable minister to Belgium. Nor could the Government, in a season of trial and difficulty, have made happier selections of consuls in Paris and London. Messre, Bicgelow and Morse are discharging their respontions of consuls in Paris and London. Messre-Bigelow and Morse are discharging their responsible duties in a manner worthy of all praise.

Our government was by no means too prompt in inviting some of its citizens to visit Europe. It is to be regretted that two or three eminent gentlemen, to whom it is understood that invitation extended, were unable to accept it, for the field was large and the laborers few. In the designation of Archbishop Hughes and Bishop McIlvaine, however, the government was peculiarly fortunate. The services of those enlightened and fortunate. The services of those enlightened and ominent divines and devoted Union men, the former in Paris and the latter all over England, were sessonable and effective. Their exalted positions, their high characters, and their fervices are used to be a supported by the services of t nent; and opinions.

Secession, while undermining for ultimate re

Secession, while undermining for ultimate rebellion, was thoughtful of the importance of the favor of Europe. The South, with its long cherished purpose, worked as diligently abroad as at home. The North, unconsoicus of the great crime meditated, slept. Active emissaries of secession, aided too often by sympathizing ministers and consuls, settled the public mind on the other side of the Atlantic against us. Public opioion was formed against the Union before our side of the question was presented or heard. By turning the question was presented or heard. By turning truth end for end, and reading history backwards, we were held by Europeans as the aggressors. The last three months of Mr. Buchanan's administration were almost as injurious abroad as at home, for there, as here, loyal men only occupied the places of disloyal cabinet and foreign minis-ters too late to nip rebellion in the bud.

ters too late to nip rebellion in the bud.

Unfortunately there were causes, as well as pretexts, for the lack of sympathy which we encountered in Europe. The governments of the old world remember that, from the nature of our in stitutions, our own sympathies have generally run with those who struggled to overthrow monarchies and that we have shown elacrity in archies, and that we have shown alacrity cognizing the independence of such as struggled coessfully. With the nations most intimately nnected with us, the "Morrill tariff" was regarded with great disfavor. In England it was believed that we not only cherished unfriencly feelings towards that country, but that we desired a disruption of friendly relations. The emissarior of rebellion seized upon these causes and pretexts to turn the current of feeling in their favor. It was, too, plausibly urged that the difference in climate, habits, and "want of congeniality" between the North and South constituted such radical discordance that our Union had become an impossi

ners in retiring, broke open the safe and stol valuable securities, the common property of the firm-or, in other words, that in separating, they firm—or, in other words, that in separating, they seized the fortifications, the arms, the custom-houses, the postoffices, and the public moneys—acts of treason in a public, or robberv in a private sense, which would, perpetrated in England, have consigned them to the Tower or the penitentiary. While England, France, Belgium, and Germany begin to experience serious inconvenience and embarrasement from their short supply of cotton, I do not apprehend, immediately, that these governments will intervene, though with the two former the subject has been considered. It is

rmer the subject has been considered. It is coper to say that France is even more impatient han England; not, however, from unfriendliness, at because the European to the absence ampleyment, to supply his people with fact. But we have nothing to rear from Europe if we e successful in the prosecution of the war. For onelson, Nashville, Winchester, New Orleans Memphis are our strongest argunents against intervention, with govern

There are, however, but two well-founded reasons for apprehending future embroilmen with England. Nor can I doubt the propriety of dwelling briefly, but earnestly, upon a danger of dwelling briefly, but earnestly, upon a danger fraught with consequences so vital to the welfare of both nations. The Trent affair, though happily because rightfully settled, has left an arrow with poisoned barb festering in our flesh, and irritating our nerves. The impression that England, willing to take us at disadvantage, availed herself of the erring judgment or impulsive zeal of a naval commander, to wage war upon us, has obtained throughout the country. That England expected war and intended war, making, with upparalleled alacrity and in gigantic proportions unparalleled alacrity and in gigantic proportions, preparations for war, is admitted to be true. But with opportunities favorable to a correct unerstanding of the views of the English ernment, and of the feelings that swayed the English mind, I am bound, in truth and fairness, to say, that the Government and people sincerely believed that we desired a rupture with them that we sought occasions to taunt and snub them and, egregiously unfounded as the suppositi representative or this hostile sentiment. In justification of these impresions, it was said that, by "bullying," we obtained advantages in the settlement of the Northeastern and Vancouver boundary questions; that we abruptly dismissed their minister, Mr. Crampton, and their consul, Mr. Barclay; that our sympathies, in their war with Russia, were with their enemy; that we had often threatened to wrest Canada from them, and fcen threatened to wrest Canada from them: and finally, that Secretary Seward had avowed hostile intentions towerds England. Some of these grounds of complaint were, as

we know, well taken, and all were believed to b France, was an over-hasty and ungracious act. But, in submitting the proposition to the French Emperor, the English crown lawyers enforced it insurgent States had or could fit out vessels of war, and wished to relieve themselves of the responsibility of treating such vessels as pirates. In this they erred, for, without the impunity thus extended to them, not even the Nashville or Sumpler would ever have ventured to sea.

But, notwithstanding these adverse influences, and the existence, in certain high quarters, of views not friendly to the success of our form of government, the Union has many ardent, well-wishing friends in England, and can have many more, if we act justly ourselves, and labor to

are, if we act justly ourselves, and labor to orrect grossly erroneous impressions. The paths of pleasantness for Is now Ready; England and America. In views of the dangers which I do not exaggerate—dangers growing out of mutual misapprehension of each other's real sentiments—it behoves the government, the press, and the pacple of both countries, by enlightened counsels, large toleration, and wise forbearance, to soothe rather than stimulate exist. Is now Ready; begarance, to soothe rather than stimulate exist. Is now Ready; begarance, to soothe rather than stimulate exist. ing irritations. Nor, in forming our estimate of the degree and value of English sympathy during our domestic troubles, is the fact that her Queen and House of Commons modified harsh despatches

and resisted unfriendly legislation without significance.

To have been deemed worthy, by the boards of Aldermen and Councilmen of the city of New York, of the high municipal honors which their resolutions confer, is a distinction of which any man would be proud—to me it is a treasure more "precious than rubies" or "fine gold." In sagain thanking you for this undeserved honor, I beg to assure you that, while I may be unable to justify this partiality, I shall at least do nothing that will induce the Common Council to regret its action.

Born upon the banks of the Hudson river, my advent in the city of New York, in the year 1807 was in the capacity of cabin boy to the sloop Jefferson, Captain Jacobus Bogardus, of Catckill and my first entrance to the city, from Coenties slip up Broad street, with the trunk of a passenger on my shoulder, is a well-remembered incident. Subsequently, in 1816, '17, and '18, '19. wrought there as a journeyman printer. Having, therefore, obtained an early foothold in our great metropolis, and witnessed its wonderful growth, ts unparalleled presperity, and its unfolding ma-erial and intellectual glories, during a period which has augmented its population from less than one hungred thousand to more than a miltoan one nundred thousand to more than a million, you will pardon the weakness which confesses its pride in being invested with the FEERDOM of a city destined to become what London
is—a centre and depositary of the wealth, power,
and wisdom of the world.

In declining the hospitalities which your resolutions contemplate and your Committee tender—
though your own generous sympathies need no

though your own generous sympathies need no prompting—permit me to suggest that the city's good cheer be reserved for and dispensed among the survivors of the gallant men who uphold the cause of the Union in sanguinary battles, with a steadiness and heroism which entitle them to our affection and gratitude.

Respectfully and truly your chedicate ways. affection and gratitude.

Respectfully and truly your obedient servant,
THURLOW WEED.

To Aldermen Farley, Chipp,
Smith, Mitchell, and Allen,
and
Common National Affairs.

General Commission Merchants SPRINGFIELD INS. CO., of Massachusetts. MASSASOIT INS. CO., of Massachusetts. 63 and 65 Beaver street and 20 Exchange Place, ROBERT L. MAITLAND, NEW YORK.
WILLIAM WEIGHT. PROVIDENCE WASHINGTON INS. CO.,
of Rhode Island.
Capital and Surplus \$365,515.

ORNAMENTAL IRON WORK, Wrought, Cast, and Wire.

IRON RAILINGS, GATEWAYS, PIERRS, BALCONIES, VERANDA AND FARM FENCES, TRUE GUARDS, STALL GUARDS, MANGERS, and WINDOW GUARDS. IRON FURNITURE—Bedsteads, Cradles, and Cribe; also Mattressee, all kinds. Wire Flower Trainers, Stands, Baskets, &c.

Illustrated catalogue mailed on receipt of four three cent stamps. HUTCHINSON & WICKERSHAM,

No 259 Canal street, near Broadway, New York,
General Agents for "New York Wire-Railing Co."
may21 d3m

FOR SALE,

DEST QUALITY OF PITTSBURG COAL AT THE lowest market price. Also BEECH BOTTOM COAL at much lower rates by J. N. KELLOGG, Agent, sept21 distf Near the corner of Third and Main.

ROBERT L. MAITLAND & CO.,

and Bankers,

NOTICE TINTIL further notice I will pay 6 per cent, interes

on Deposits for a specified time, and 4 per cent. on the A. BLAND, Banker, No. 403 Main street.

Taken up by the subsyriber, on the moroing of the 9th, a DARK Hatown MULE, barefooted. No other majks. The owner canceme forward, prove procerty, and take her WM. GOEPPER.

North side Market, bet. Fifth and Sixth sts.

Wanted,

\$600 TO \$800.—A PARTNER WANTED with
the above amount to join the advertiser in a
very profitable manufacturing business, now doing a
good trad. This is an opportunity seldom offered,
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jyii d3\* For Sale Low,

A LOT OF WHITE LINSEY, WHITE AND COL-ORED JEANS, and BALE ROPE. Apply at 1y11 d3 NORTHERN BANK. L. & N. R. R. CO. NOTICE TO SHIPPERS.

NTIL further notice no Freight for through or loc points will be received at this station. F. S VAN ALSTINE. jy'1 dtf PATRIOTS OF KENTUCKY! The President of the United States having called for additional troops, Kentacky, true to the best interests of our great Country, in the present crisis asks your services as soldiers in define out the Countitation and preservation of the United tone of the Constitution and preservation of the Union.

I am raising a Regiment of Infantry in the 4th Congressional District to serve three years or during the war unless sooner discharged.

Those who wish to volumiese under my command will find my headquariers at Bowling Gress.

Advance payments \$13 to \$20 per month and \$35

ounty.
Captains wishing to raise companies by reporting to a will receive authority to do so.
Bowling Green, July 11, 1862—d6 A. G. HOBSON. On the 6th day of July, 1883, a negre may calling himself BLLL was committed to the Jefferson county jail as a runaway slave. He is about 26 years of age, light brown skin, 5 fee 72 inches high, weighing 150 lbs, very thin beard an small goatee, a im visage, high forebead and peaked an fixt nose, slim and trim made. Says he belongs t William Todd, near Murfaesborough, State of Tennes see. NOTICE.

7. The owner can come forward, prove property, and parages, or he will be dealt with as the law requires, by 11 d3&wtf W K THOMAS, J. J. C. NOTICE. On the 3d day of July, 1862, a negro boy, calling himself AARON GILROY, was committed to the Jefferson county isil as a runaway slave. He is about 23 years of age, dark iskin, 5 feet 14 inches high, weighing 125 lbe. h skiu, no beard, round face, high forehead and bones, broad accoss the forehead, and has a boy-pearance. Says he belongs to Ropert Dupes, of Al-

on. Ky.

The owner can come forward, prove property, and pay the owner can come forward, prove property, and pay that ges, or he will be dealt with as the law requires.

July 1 dadwiff W. K. THOMAS, J. J. C. NOTICE

OFFICIAL DRAWINGS KENTUCKY STATE LIBBARY ASSOCIATION CO. W. C. FRANCE & Co., Managers. (Successors to R. France & Co.). DRAWN AT LOUISVILLE, KY., JULY 10, 1862.

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Dissolution.

GREATBOOK Retail Price \$1 2 Retail Price \$1 25 Retail Price \$1 25 Retail Price \$1 Retail Price \$ Retail Price \$1

gent by mail, postage free, on receipt of price. AGENTS wanted throughout the whole land to rehis most intensely interesting work.

APPLEGATE & CO., 43 Malust, Cincinneti NEW MEDICAL DISCOVERY.

Cure of Gonorrhea, Gleet, Urethral Discharges Seminal Weakness, Nightly Emissions, Incom General Debility and Irritability, Grave stricture & Affections of the Kidneys & Bladder which has been used by powards of

BANK OF BENTUCKY. OND HUNDRED PHYSICIANS BELL'S SPECIFIC PILLS. CROPPER, PATTON, & CO.,

Commission Merchants AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN Dr. Bell's Treatise on Seminal Weakness, FEED. PRODUCE, GRAIN, SELF-ABUSE, GONORRHEA, GLEET, &c., a Pami FLOUR, AND WHISKY. 143 WALL STREET, LOUISVILLE, KY.

NOTICE. The Pills or Books will be sent secure from obsettion by mail, post-paid, on receipt of the money by J. BRYAN, Rochester, N. Y., Sold by all Druggists. or any Advertised Agent.

Consignments solicited. Orders filled.

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Represents the following Companies HOME INSURANCE CO., of New York. METROPOLITAN INS. CO. of New York. LOUISVILLE White Lead and Oil Works, Main st., between Ninth and Tenth.

WE HAVE NOW ON HAND A FULL SUPPLY CHARTER OAK INS. CO., of Hartford, Ct. Linseed Oil: Beiled Oil: Turpentine; Pure White Lead; Putty; Zinc White; Colors dry & in oil; Oheap Leads of every quality; Shot and Bar Lead.

NOTICE. LEBANON, July 7, 186

A LL absent enlisted men of Company C 28th Reg.

Kv. Vols. are bereby notified to immediately rejois their company. If thee fail to do so, they will be ar rested. tried, and punished as deserters.

By order of Capt. GEO. W. BARTH, 1710 d3

Co. C 28th Ky. Vols. GRAYSON SPRINGS.

EXCHANGE BANK. Aggregate Statement of the Exchange Bank of St. Louis and Branches, June 30, 1862. RESOURCES. NOTES Discounted. \$312,556 44 45 8t ste Bonds at 40 ... 12,000 00 Government Bonds and Vouchers Exchange maturing and matured 379,3 9 61

Due from Banks.
Suspened Debt.
Protest Account.
Cash Meant, viz:
Eastern Exchange.
U. S. Trearury Notes.
Missouri Bank Notes and Checks.
436,687 86

LIABILITIES. relation outstanding.....rplus and Contingent Fund.

Leaves Surplus and Contingent Fund...... \$69,751 56 \*\*\* Kentucay Stockholde's will receive their Dividend at Commercial Bank, Louisville.

| jylo d2\* E. D. JONES, Cashier. SUMMER CLOTHING! SUMMER CLOTHING!

M. ARMSTRONG, on Main, opposite the National state of the has reduced the prices of his Summer Clothing His stock is full and complete. Such as— His stock is full and complete. Such as—
Elegant Drap d'Eta Coats and Pants;
"He'ht Cassimere Sulte;
"Marseilles and Linen Sults;
"White Irish Linen Sults;
"Alpaca Coate, Pan'ts, and Vests;
Linea and Cessimere Dusterr;
Boys' Clothing, all sizes.
Allso Summer Underwar, Hoslery, Gloves, Ties, &c
All of which will be closed out to make room for fat
stock at greatly reduced prices for Cash.
J. M. AKMSTRONG,

Main st., opi CINCINNATI. NEW SUGAR AND NEW MOLASSES— 200 hhds fair to choice N. O. Sugar; 175 bbls choice new N. O. Molasses; For sale by R. M. BISHOP & CO., ivle dim 38 Main stree

COFFEE—
500 bags good to choice Rio Coffee:
150 " choice Green Laguyra Coff e:
50 " extra old Golden Rio Coffee;
100 pockets Java Coffee;
All for sale by R. M. BISHOP & CO.,
150 dain stree TEAS AND TOBACCO—We have a very choice a posterior of G. P. Tea-some extra fine; also a very choice of the contract of the con

MACKEREL-We have 1,000 pkgs, bbls, half bbls quarters, and kitts of choice Nos. 1, 2, and 3 Mack NASHVILLE, TENN. STADLER, BRO., & CO

WHOLKSALE DEALERS IN DryGoods, Notions, Hats, Clothing, Gent's Furnishing Goods, &c., &c., &c., NO. 2 SOUTH SIDE PUBLIC SQUARE.

NASHVILLE, TENY. New Goods received every day. OLD AND YOUNG BOURBON.

60 SHOTS PER MINUTE Henry's Patent

Manufactured by the New Haven Arms Co.,

NEW HAVEN, CONN.

Ta regular meeting of the Directors a semi-ant Advision of 5 per cent on the capital stock of Company was declared and ordered to be paid to stock in Iders on demand, and a return premium of per cent was ordered to be wade to the marine politoders. 198 ds. ABRAHAM HITP. Sec BLACKSMITHING. J. J. MERRILL has respensed his Rlacksr lop on Green, between Fourth and Fifth, e would be glad to have his old friends hen they have anything to do in his line.

A GOLD WATCH AND CHAIN. If the finder will be handsome; 114 dtf LOST. A FINE HARNESS HORSE, 6 years old, hands high—works well, single or double, and perfectly gentle. Apply at Davis & Bacon's street, in the day of the contract of the contract

FOR NOTICE. There was committed to the jail of Bar county, Ky., on the 14th day of June, 186 bright vellow negro as a runaway. Calls name STEPHEN. Says that he belongs to Al. of New Orleans. Said negro will weight 150 punds—having long busby hair. Had o shirt, gray pants, and is about 50 years owner is requested to come forward, prove pro-owner is requested to come forward, prove pro-

> Corner Sixth and Main sts., near Louisville Hotel. man Sight ever Invented.

SPHEROIDAL SPECTACLES, instruments.

\$28 Artificial Eyes inserted without causing pain,
may16 and

SADDLERY, HARNESS, AND TRUNKS,

WHOLESALE AND RETAILS SAME

217 Third street, between Main and Market, Louisville, Ky.,

Military Saddlery, Swordsand Bowie Knives, Also just received a lot of PURE FRENCH ZING in ii, to which we would call the special attention of paint are not others wanting a GENUINE article.

WATERS & FOX.

Smoking Pipes and Variety Goods, &c. PRESENTATION SADDLES, SWORDS, AND PISTOLS FUR-NISHED TO ORDER AT SHORT NOTICE.

SADDLES, HARNESS, and TRUNKS.

PRICES AS LOW AS THE LOWEST. AUGUST ELECTION For Judge of the City Court. GEO. W. JOHNSTON is a candidate for re-electrons Judge of the City Court of Louisville. jy3 dte For Marshal of the City Court. W. shal of the City Court of Louisville Fifth Judicial District.

Administratrix's Notice. persons indebted to Dr. R. Atkise'n all please come forward and settle without beroom having claims against the estatikise'on, deceased, will please present the static and the present of on, deceased, on or before the state of the Simpsonville, July 1, 1862.—d10

Litharge;

Ochres;

GRACE CHURCH.

DURING the heat of summer, the services in Grac Church on Sunday will be at 9% A. M. and 5 P. M. F. H. BUSHNELL,

OCULIST & AURIST

the Head, Catarrh, and all diseases and a

Sight and Hearing

Office 308 Green st., bet. Third and Fourth

jy4 Fri&Sat6\*

For Surveyor of Jefferson County.

We are authorized to announce BEN. M. HARNEY
as a candidate for Surveyor of Jefferson county a F. H. GIBSON the ensuing election.

G. T. BERGMANN (who surveyed Jefferson count, and published a map of it) is a candidate for the office of Surveyor of Jefferson county at the next August election.

j7 dte\* Apothecary, Capitol Drug Store, opposite Post-office, LOUISVILLE, KY. JAMES P. CHAMBERS is a candidate for Circu Court Clerk at the August election.

m12 dte\* PURE AND FRESH MEDICINES, CHEMI-

Third Judicial District.

JOHN CHAPEZE, of Hartford, this county, is a clidate for Commonwealth's Attorney in this dicial District. He can hardly meet with opposit where ne is known, and the Union men of the Dist will lend him a cordial support.

VILLIAM B. WALL, of Owensboro, is a candiform of the District. His Union and loyalty have been tested by his active service Major of the 25th Kentucky regiment, and his I shifty is unquestioned. CALS, DRUGS, &c.; CHOICE TOILET AND FANCY ARTICLES; FINE AND PURE LIQUORS FOR MEDICINAL PURPOSES, &c.; FINE TOBACCO AND CIGARS.

CRACKERS AND CAKES. PRICE LIST of CRACKERS & CAKES.

Butter Crackers - - 41/cts. per lb. Soda " - - 5½cts. per lb. Sugar " - - 6½cts. per lb. Boston " - - - 51/2cts. per lb. Water " - - 4½cts. per lb. Ginger Cakes - - 25 cts.per100. Ginger Cakes, large size, 30 cts.per100. For orders amounting to five barrels and npwards, 10 PER CENT DEDUCTION allowed off all articles except Ginger Cakes at 25 cts. per 100. J. C. COOPER,

may14 d3mis CINCINNATI, 2,000 PAIRS

N. E corner Walnut and Water streets

Canvas Shoes! VERY CHEAP. B. G. WEBSTER & CO.,

CONGRESS HALL, CAPE ISLAND, N. J., WILL BE OPEN FOR THE RECEPTION OF VIS-itors on Saturday, June 28.

Law Department of the University of Louisville. HON. HENRY PIRTLE, LL. D., Professor of Consti-tutional Law, Equity, and Commercial Law. HON. WM. F. BULLOCK, Professor of the Law of Real Property, the Law of Contracts and Criminal Hon. CALEB W. LOGAN, Professor of the History Hon. Calleb W. Logan, International Law, and the Practice of Law, including Pleading and Evidence and Codes of Practice.

All communications to this Department rhou'd be ad reesed to Prof. PIETLE.

JAMES GUTHRIE.

133 days & wf8ep15

President, &c. A NEW AND IMPORTANT INVENTION

DOUGLAS BLY, M. D

JUST PUBLISHED

Cord on the Legal and Equitable Rights of Married Women. A TREATISE ON THE LEGAL AND EQUITABLE

spect to their property and persons as to their child ren with an appendix of the recent AMERICAN STAT-WM. H. CORD, Esq., Of Flemingsburg, Ky.

Law Booksellers, Publishers, & Importers, Before Buying Elsewhere Reapers, Threshing Machines,

Wheat Fans, Horse Hay Rakes, Straw-Cutters, Cultivators, Cast and Steel Ploughs, and Agricultural Implements generally J. BUCHANAN

Haversacks, Holsters and Belts, Sword and Sabre Belts, Shoulder Straps, Coat and Blanket Slings, Canteen Straps, Spurs and Leathers, & Military Leather Goods generally, go to

BOSS & BAKER'S

Cash Saddlery Establishment,

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The Best Artificial Help for Hu-

E. SINCERE, Practical Optician, The latest and most approved Lens yet invented.

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Bridesburg Machine Works.

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We are prepared to fill orders to any extent for our well-knewn MACHINERY FOR COTTON AND WOOLLEN MILLS, including all recent improvements in Cardine, Soloning, and Wesving. We invite the at-

Wanted,
OR the balance of the year, a good COOK, WASH-ER, and IRONER without incumbrance. Inquire A BOUT FIFTEEN GOOD HANDS to get out coorer hands to chop cord-wood. I will pay the highest prices that is paid for such work. Apply at my residence, six piles from Loulsville, and one mile west of the Louisille and Nashville Railroad.

Wanted. WISH to purchase a good SERVANT GIRL from 10 to 12 years old. Apply at No. 1,2.6 Jefferson street, misville, Ky. Situation Wanted by a Teacher.

Situation Wanted,

Wanted,
A THOROUGHLY COMPETENT CIRCUIT COURT
DEPUTY CLERK. A pleasent situation can be obtained at a good salary by applying at this office. Applicants must envelop a 3 cent stamp that the application may be sent to its destination. Female Teacher's Situation Wanted. A Lady who, although yet young, has been engaged as a Teacher for ten years in the Southern States, dr-

Now Ready. HISTORICAL SKETCHES OF CHRIST CHURCH,

BY REV. JAMES CRAIK.

te\* are authorized to announce E. S. CRAIG as and date for re-election to the office of Common Attorney. For Clerk of the County Court of Jeffer-Son County Sourt of Jensies Son County.

WE are authorized to announce WILLIAM L. KELLY as a candidate for Clerk of the Jefferson County Court at the ensuing August election. m20 die WE sre authorized to announce CHAS. M. THRUS TON as a candidate for re-election to the office of Clerk of the Jefferson County, Court at the ensuing election. m13 die m13 die

CELEBRATED WORCESTERSHIRE SAUCE, EXTRACT PROMOUNCED BY Connoisseurs Medical Gentleman at Madras

TO HIS BROTHER at Worcester. EVERY VARIETY

On the Breakfast, Luncheon, Dinner, or Supper Ta-THOMAS A. MORGAN is a candidate for the office of Marshal of Logisville Chancery Court. m29 dta "ERSHIRE SAUCE" is a temperature of this delicious.
To appreciate the excellent qualities of this delicious For Glerk of the Louisville Chancery Gourt.

Gourt.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce HARRY
STUCKY as a candidate for Clerk of the ChanceMANY VOIERS. aration it is only necessary to purchase a small botany Hotel and Restaurant proprietors reldom place the Pure Sauce before their guests, but substitue a geu-

> Union Square, Fourteenth st., New York, Sole Wholesale Agents for the United States. A stock always in Store. Also orders received or rect shipments from England. Beware of Counterfeits and Imitations.

GALEN'S HEAD DISPENSARY. Chartered by the Lagislature of Hy. For the Cure of all Private Diseases. A MEDICAL REPORT,

Engravings of the Anatomy and Physiology of the Sexual Organs in a state of Beath and Dis - TO TO

COVINGTON ARTERBURN JAILER WE are authorized to announce the Hon. ASHER W. GRAHAM as a candidate for re-election as Judge of the Fourth District, composed of the counties of Hart, Metcalfe, Barren, Edmondson, Warren, Monroe, allen, Simpson, Logan, and Butler counties, m2 dte FOR CIRCUIT JUDGE.

NOTIOE.

PURSUANT to a judgment of the Lincoln Circuit Court in the case of Charles Caldwell and others against J. H. Saldwell, the undersigned, receiver in said case, will, on Tuesday, the 15th day of July next, on the premises, in the town of Crab Orchard, proceed to rent out, to the highest hidder, the CRAB ORCHARD SPRINGS property until the 1st day of January, 1873.

TERMS—The renter or renters will execute boad, with good security, for the rent, safe keeping, and return of the property, unavoidable accidents excepted. The bond to be payable to the undersigned as reciver.

S. O. MIDDLETON, Receiver.

Crab Orchard, Ky., July 2.—dtd

BOSTON.

STHE LARGEST AND BEST ARRANGED HO
TEL in the New England States—is centrally located
and easy of access from all the routes of travel. It
contains all the modern improvements and every convenience for the comfort and accemmodation of the
travelling public. The sleeping-rooms are large and
well ventilated; the suitos of rooms are well arranged
and completely furnished for families and large travelling parties, and the house will continue to be kept as a
first class hotel in every respect.

LEWIS RICE, Proprietor,

SIGN OF THE GOLDEN SADDLE, MANUFACTURER AND DEALER IN Pistols and Camp Furniture,

WANTED

GENTLEMAN, graduated with honor at Yale College, a highly successful Teacher of several years dding, desires to become employed in his profession, thest references given. Address M. A., Louisville. Steedof.

FOR SALE OF RENT.

Plankroad, for sale, or would ex- 15414 in improved Farm in either Henderson or y, or for young and likely Negroes. Inquire well & Son. 130 d13&w2 JUDGE OF APPELLATE COURT Gommonwealth Attorney for Sixth
Judicial District.

MAJOR M. H. OWSLEY, of the 5th Kentneky, an
thorizer us to announce him as a candidate for
Commonwealth Attorney for the Sixth Judicial Dis-

Mt. Merino, Ky., June 25—dawtf LEA & PERRINS'

Only Good Sauce, and applicable to

The above SAUCE is not only the nest and most por Joints, Beef Steak, Game, &c., impart an exquisite zest

ine bottle filled with a spurious mixture. For sale by Grocers and Fruiterers everywhere.

JOHN DUNCAN & SONS,

GUST PUBLISHED—PRICE ONLY 10 CENTS). containing Sixty Pages and Thirty Fine Plates and

ce 814 Fifth street, between Market and Jederson, THE UNION FOREVER! Communication

All transactions private and confidential. Remem or the name and number. Direct all letters to CALEN'S HEAD DISPENSABY. AMERICAN HOUSE,

WE are authorized to announce the Boo. P.B. MUIR as a candidata for re-election as Circuit Judge of this District. For Chancellor of the Louisville Chan-Cery Court.

WE are autharized to announce the Hon. HENRY PIRTLE as a candidate for Chancellor of the Louisville Chancery Court at the August election. WE are au horized to announce CALEB W. LOGAN
as a candidate for re-election to the office of Chan
cellor of the Louisville Chancery Court. 113 dte\* For Jailer of Hardin County. WE are authorized to aunounce MATTHEY
LEY as a candidate for Jailer of Hardi C. C. GREEN is a candidate for coroner at the An JOHN CAIN, well-known to everybody, is august election. August election. a28 dt

ty is unquestioned.

120 dt.

120 dt.

120 dt.

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120 dt.

120 dt.

121 dt.

127 dt.

127 dt.

127 dt.

Seventh Judicial District.

DAYID W. HENDERSON is a candidate for Coroner at f. je2 dtb. of Jefferson county at the ensuing August lection 137 dtc.

FOURTH APPELLATE DISTRICT.

JUDGE R. K. WILLIAMS, of Mayfield, Ky., is candidate for the office of Judge from the Four

Commonwealth Attorney for the Sixth Judicial Di-trict, comprising the counties of Cumberland, Clinto Wayne, Russell, Pulaski, Boyle, Garrard, and Lincol at the August election. m27 dewice

County Clerk of Cumberland County.

I AM a candidate for the office of county Court Clerk
at the onsuing August election in the county o
Cumberland.

Jamberland.

I am now and have been in the service since Jul.

861. [m27 d&wte] M. MARTIN.

State Assessor for Jefferson County City of Louisville included.

For Common wealth Attorney.

For a heriff of Jefferson County.

EASE announce WM. STEWART as a cand or Sheriff. If a more honest man or a better

ROBERT J. ELLIOTT is a candidate for the ofine of Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson Count at the ensuing August election.

JACK CONN is a candidate for Clerk of the County Court of Jefferson County at the ensuin August election.

Por Judge of the County Court.

JAMES HARRISON is a candidate for Judge of the Jefferson County Court.

For Marshal of the Louisville Chan-

Cery Court.

MESSRS. EDITORS: Please announce Capt. J. of the Chancery Court at the ensuing August electic and oblige his NUMEROUS FRIENDS.

MESSES. EDITORS: Please announce Col. HEND DENT a candidate for the office of Marshal of t

WILL, R. HERVEY is a candidate for re-election Clerk of the Louisville Chancery Court.

FOR OLDRE of the CITY COURT.

HENRY WOLFORD is a Candidate for Clerk of the City Court at the approaching August election.

June 14, 1862

DHIL. TOMPERT, jr., is a candidate for Cierk of the City Court at the ensuing August election.

For Clerk of Builitt Circuit and County

Courts.

WE are authorized to announce CH. R. SAMUELS as a candidate for Clerk of the Bullitt Circuit and a28 dewter.

WE are authorized to announce M. J. SCHMITT a Union candidate for the office of Jailer at tensuing August election.

DR. JOHN LLOYD is a candidate for Jailer of J. ferron county.

the ensuing election.

\*\*E are authorized to announce R. P. LIGHTBU as a candidate for the office of Jailer of Jeffer

For County Attorney.

WE are authorized to announce JOSEPH G. WIII

SON as a candidate for the office of County Attorney at the ensuing August election.

ing August election.

OLIVER H. STRATTAN desires to be re-elected second term, to the office of Clerk of the City Co

His political creed is embraced in the Constitution claration of Independence, the Union, and enforces of the laws.

are authorized to announce WM HORAN a candidate for Clerk of the City Court.

o'clock. 12 o'clock. 2 o'clock. 7 'clck. 2 'clck. 2 'clk. Vet | Dry | Wet | Dry | Wet | Dry | 73 | 75 | 82 | 72 | 74 | g. w. n.w OLOUDS. KAIN.

Amount. | Nino. | Velocity, | Direction. | in guage inches, CONTENTS OF FIRST AND FOURTH PAGES Police Proceedings - The Crops - Destructive Fire

Bridge-burners in Mercer County-Foreign Opinion Treasury Letter-McClellan's Siege Guns-Abol tion Tested by Experience-The Army of the South west-Affairs at Memphis-Governor Wickliffe's Last Speech-The Canal at Vicksburg-"A Revelation from the Chivalry"-Inquest No. 379 - Speech of Lord Monck, the New Governor-General of Canada-The Emperor's Plans-Return of the Bourbon Princes-Telegraphic Despatches-A Brave Soldier-Extens of Patents-Miscellaneous Items

To PRINTERS .- We have a double cylinder press, a number of chases, and several excellent imposing stones, which will be disposed of upon fair terms. Possession to be given in four to six &wtf

The present condition of monetary affairs is a source (f great annovance to our business men The seiling rate for gold was advanced by our bankers yesterday to twenty per cent premiur silver was held as high as twelve to thirteen per cent premium, and Demand Tressury Notes were in request at five per cent. An effort was made, too, in certain quarters, to advance the rates of Kentucky bank notes beyond their par value, and we are informed that in a few instances those who necessities required them to use Kentucky funds were forced to pay a premium of one-eighth to one quarter per cent for the accomnodation. The great bulk of the season's tobacco crop of Southern Kentucky and Northern Tennessee has been sold in this market at very high rates, and it is known that the planters have, in most instances, converted the proceeds into gold or Kentucky funds, which they pertinaciously withhold from circulation. The producers of other articles of agriculture have doubt followed the example of the tobacco growers, and have turned their receipts into gold or Kentucky funds. This movement, of itself, would have a tendency to create quite a panic in the local money market, but to that evil has been added the great demand for gold in New York,

and from abroad. If our people could be brought to repose confidence in the permanent value of the Government Treasury Notes, which enter so largely into the composition of the currency of the country, this unnatural state of things would be averted. It is high time we were learning the fact, and that we were acting upon the knowledge of that fact, that our Government Treasury notes are second in value only to gold and silver. Many reasons might be urged in support of this theory, but no more potent reason than that the faith and wealth of the entire country is pledged for their redemption. There is no other security which is not actually collateral to be compared to such a pledge, and every consideration of personal interest and every sentiment of patriotism should impel us to confide in the security thus pledged. An exercise of reasonable confidence in the value of these notes will go far to extricate us from the perplexing monetary dilemma in which we find ourselves placed. REV. JNO. H. HEYWOOD .- We rejoice to learn that this gentlemen, in compliance with the unan-

imous request of the trustees and congregation of the Unitarian Church, has consented to withdraw his letter of resignation as their pastor. During a residence among us of more than twenty years. Mr. Heywood has been most faithful as a pastor and most useful as a citizen. Connected with and prominent in the advancement of every educational and charitable interest, he has become universally known here as a doer of good, and his removal would have been a serious loss, not only to his own people but to the whole community. During the past year his labors have been much increased by his connection with the Sanitary Commission, and by his daily visits to the sick and wounded in our hospitals. We understard that he left yesterday for the sea shore, where he proposes to spend a few weeks, and whence we hope he may return strengthened in body and mind to prosecute the good work to which his life has thus far been devoted.

As we announced several days ago, the excarsion to Indianapolis takes place on Tuesday next over the Jeffersonville Railroad. The train will leave the dero; at seven o'clock A. M. The fare for the round trip is two dollars, the tickets being good for two days. This will be a favorable opportunity to visit the capitol of our sister State. There are many who never have visite the Hoosier metropolis who no doubt will avail themselves of this rare chance. There are many things of interest there now to attract pleasureseekers, of which Camp Morton, with its 5,000 prisoners of war, will not be the least. The State Asylums, too, for the blind, the deaf and dumb, and the insane, are, we suppose, among the finest of the kind in the world. Tickets for sale at Gibson's drug store, Morton & Griswold's book store. Wolf & Duringer's jewelry store, and at the cars on the morning of the excursion. First class cars have been eengaged, and all may expect a pleasant time.

ADJOURNED "SMALL CHANGE" MEETING. The important questions to be discussed will prevent any one from forgetting the meeting to he held at the Court-house this evening at 8 o'clock. We hope to see a large attender ce and that everybody will come prepared to advance ome specific measure which may tend to alleviate the growing inconvenience among our busines men of all classes. There is not an occupation or small change, and unless some general policy is shinplasters and our entire community be at the mercy of sharpers and dishonest dealers. Our only safety is to protect ourselves under the laws of the State, which, having been enacted for the public security, should on no account be violated

street hardware man, shipping South, we have come to the conclusion that Uncle Sam must be about to finish the Pacific Railroad by working the rebel prisoners now on hand, whose numbers are daily increasing, to make them pay the ex penses of rations, &c. Such a gang can finish this great national highway to the Pacific in a few years, and their employment will be a great saving to the Government. If our conjectures are correct, we would suggest that the prisoner who works well and conducts himself correctly, say for five years, shall be discharged and again al lowed the privileges of a loval citizen.

AFFAIRS ON THE NASHVILLE RAILROAD. The train from Nashville had not arrived at a late hour last night. The failure gave rise to much uncasiness, and the mischievous took advantage of the delinquency to give currency to many foolish rumors as to rebel raids in the Green River country. The facts in the case are the accident on the road near Woodland caused a detention of the upward-bound train. To quiet the apprehensions of those who fear that the reb els have interfered with the running arrange ments of the railroad company, we feel warrant ed in saying that the regular train which left this city at the usual hour yesterday morning arrived at Nashville on time last evening.

STREET RAILROADS.—The ordinance authoriz ing the construction of a horse railroad, to run from Beargrass street, at the head of Main, ar connect with the Portland Railroad, was reported to the Board of Aldermen last evening, the committee unanimously recommending the project. It was recommitted, however, with an amendment the late call. providing that the petitioner shall construct a similar road from Main street out Third to the city limits. The committee to whom the ordinance was referred is composed of Aldermen Downing.

loyal Kentuckians to the order of Adjutant General Finnell embracing the call for four regiments of soldiers, not doubling for a moment that the

call will meet a hearty response.

THEATRE.—The equestrian drama is quite a success, and goes off with shouts of approval.

As its continuance will be limited, all should take the earliest opportunity to attend and see it.

The Board of Directors of the Bank of the State of Indiana, at their late meeting, advanced by the success of the people, there is no fear but these regiments will speedily report themselves with their full compliment and be ready to take up their line of march to whatever point they may be required to go. State of Indiana, at their late meeting, advanced to the State, for the bank's own notes, gold sufficient to pay the July interest.

"A CUP OF WATER."-Our city authorities ave attached drieking cups to our principal imps, so that thirsty wayfarers may be reng beverage. If they would go a step beyond this and care for the dumb beasts by erecting neat troughs for them, we should be a mos blessed city. The New York Journal of Comnerce has been urging the erection of fountains in that city for the solace of the thirsty. where man and beast could be refreshed, for it says with truth that beasts suffer as much as

parts of the city where the driver has o acquaintance, and no means of wetting the mouths of his horses. A few hundre llars, properly expended, would construct in any public square, or in the side of a building on the corner of a street, a fountain which would last, with little repair, for generations of the thirsty. If gentlemen desire to see the gratitude of men, with their own eyes, this is a capital op portunity for it. It would keep a warm-hearted man cool in a July day to stand a half hour by such a fountain which he had built. It might b made a monumental fountain, dedicated to som great name, or to some object of affection, whos memory would be kept alive in the pleasant and refreshed minds of thousands of the grateful poor Or if men will not do it while living, will no some wealthy citizens add codicils to their will

on this subject, and thus, contrariwise to poo Keat's idea, "write their names in water." The Journal of Commerce says from all ago and in all countries the provision of water for the thirsty has been esteemed one of the highest du ties. In Oriental countries, where the manner and customs of the primitive times are more near ly preserved than in any other, the importance of this duty is appreciated, and this, not as may be magined because of the superior requirements of climate, but as a moral and religious obligation. There is a passage in the Koran which recognizes it, and promises rewards in the fu officers, who bore a conspicuous part in the battle of Sbilob, all of whom deserve the gratitude of, and should be remembered by, the loyal people of Kentucky, and especially those of Green and the ture state to those who erect fountains. As a result of this idea of the sagacious author of that marvellous compound of wisdom and nonsens prounding counties: Captain Wallace Victor aptain B. P. Estis, Captain H. Q. Hughes ieutenants G. A. Gallup, Stratten, Ferbush ottoms, Allen, Ben. V. Banks, and other; sl. on which the Mohammedan religion is founded the followers of the prophet esteem it the most ex cellent work of piety to provide drink for the thirs ptain P. S. Rush, Lieutenants Fisher, Cabel v. and hence Eastern cities abound in fountains

erected by the pious, and a wealthy believer i Islam when dying directs, by his last testament. that a certain sum shall be appropriated to the building of a fountain, as in Christian countries it is common to leave bequests to the great be nevolent objects of the day; though the Moslen does it with the expectation of an immediate and lasting reward for his good work. As a result of this, numerous elegant and costly buildings are found in such cities as Damascus, Constantinople, Cairo, and Bagdad, hundreds in each city, some gilding and arabe ques indicating either a lately leceased founder or an abundant provision in the original bequest for keeping the fountain in repair. These buildings are always supplied with colished marble front, through which

tances for the thirsty applicant to apply his lip o the gilded or brazen mouthpiece and draw up he water by a vigorous effort. But no Easter erson is deterred from following another i his operation, nor is he ever known to wipe off he pipe before taking it in his lips. It is a fountain of piety, and the gift is a good one and Bisnillah! he is a dog who is too proud to take such water from the very lips of a fellow sinner. The ustom perhaps may not be successfully imitated countries whose grade of civilization is more olished, but, be this as it may, the Moslem fountains are a blessed invention of the false prophet and his followers, as the long lines of thirsty drinkers in a dusty street of Cairo abundantly

building of aqueducts was always regarded as among the greatest of works for emperors. Here and there remain triumphal arches commemorating the completion of such works. The traveller in the mountain regions of Anti-Lebanon, or in the wilds that lie eastward of Antioch, once the cipital of the Eastern empire and the rival of Rome, is astonished to find in some almost inaccessible ravine, or on the sides of a great passage hewn through a mountain, the ineffaceable insertion with Colonel Hawkins's Eleventh Kentocky, both regiments advancing in order and occasionally meeting the consending the one may, driving them before a great passage hewn through a mountain, the ineffaceable insertion which records the success of an emperor in diverting the course of a river to the supply of a city. In Scriptare history the highest valuation is placed on fountains of water. The boundaries of the tribes were sometimes marked by springs, and to this day the well of En Rogel marks the bounds of Judah and Benjamin, the foundain of Birch fixes the location of Beeroth, the foundain of Elisha flaws sweet and strong as it flowed after the prophet's miracle, and Silonam goes softly as in old times. One might write a volume on the springs of water, small bubbling springs, out of the dry ground, such as the American farmer notes only as convenient for his cattle, and then forgets, mere outbreaks of water the, and then forgets, mere outbreaks of water and the fine men unded the month of other duty as Kentocky and the men to do their duty as Kentocky the injustive tax and then forgets, mere outbreaks of water the prophet's miracle, and Silonam goes softly as in old times. One might write a volume on the springs of water, small bubbling springs, out of the dry ground, such as the American farmer notes only as convenient for his cattle, and then forgets, mere outbreaks of water the prophet's mere outbreaks of water the fine and the ting the completion of such works. The traveller can farmer notes only as convenient for his cat-

We may talk of Otard, Verzenay, Catawba, and Chateau Margot, but Talfourd was drinking from the pure Castilian fount of inspiration when

"Tis a little thing
To give a cup of water, yet its draught
Of cool refreshment, drained by fevered lips,
May give a shock of pleasure to the frame
More exquisite than when nectarian inice
Renews the life of joy in happiest hours.

Nashville. He was detained by business from ally, that he is the right kind of an officer to en list under, and we hope the loyal young men of the Fourth District will raise his regiment immediately. He is as fine a drill officer as there is in

HEADQUARTERS KENTUCKY VOLUNTEERS, ADJUTANT-GENERAL'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, July 8, 1862.

FRANKFORT, July 8, 1862. §
General Orders, No. 18.

The President of the United States, acting upon a request from the Governors of Maine, New Hampsbire, Vermont, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Maryland, Virginia, Michigan, Tonnessee, Missouri, Indiana, Ohio, Minnesota, Illinois, Wisconsin, and the President of the Military Board of Kentucky, has called into the service an additional force of three hundred thousand men. Or this force Kentucky is expected to furnish, as early as practicable, four regiments of Infantry, a part of her quota under the late call.

It is enough for loyal Kentuckians to know that their ecuntry needs their aid. The State has already in the service thirty-four regiments, two battallions and two batteries, and her troops now in the field have distinguished themselves at Wild Cat, at Ivy Mountain, at Middle Creek, at Mill Springs, at Fort Donelson, and at Shiloh! The battles in which her soldiers have been engaged have all been victories.

Cased have all been victories.

Ception. After severa to ception. After severa to come to five a speech of only a few minutes I remarked that I would persecute no man for his sentiments, but that our city was infested with spies, standing at the corners of the served and provided that I would persecute no man for his sentiments, but that our city was infested with spies, standing at the corners of the served at their warerooms at their warerooms are the convicts from the penitentiary to find a place for them.

be required to go.

Special instructions to recruiting officers will be issued without delay. By order

JOHN W. FINNELL, Adj. Gen. Ky. Vol's.

of goods sold without reserve. TO THE LADIES .- Wright, Ketchum, & Co will have an auction sale of fine dress goods, &c. to-day at ten o'clock A. M. Many new article will be offered. See advertisement.

Among all the inventions made to give hats perfect ventilation, the patent cork stands pre-eminent. For sale at

GREEN & GREEN'S, Main and Fourth. FRESH APRICOTS .- Dick Moore receives regu arly every evening a lot of fresh apricots. The vers of this delieious fruit should call on him.

Business Notices.

GENERAL ORDERS-No. 26.

HEADQUARTERS ARMY OF THE OHIO, IN CAMP, NEAR FLORENCE, ALA., June 24, 1862. There are 14,000 officers and soldiers abse There are 14,000 officers and soldiers absent from their duty with the various Divisions of this army. Some of them have gone off withcut any authority; others with the permission of officers not authorized to grant it. In general, sickness is given as the cause of absence, but in very many cases the cause has notoriously cased to exist, and men remain away, drawing the same pay as their comrades who are faithfully performing their duty. To correct this abuse it is ordered—

1. All officers and soldiers who are absent without direct authority from these Head quarters, the period for which has not transpired, will, on or before the 10th of July, proximo, join their companies or regiments wherever they may be. If ignorant of their locality, they will report to the commanding officer at Louisville or Nashville, by whom they will be directed to their regiments, or put on such light duty as they may be able to perform, if they are not entirely fit for active service; and these will be promptly reported to their regimental commanders by the officer so assigning them.

The cases of those who fail to join as above as signing them.

The cases of those who fail to join as above required, will be disposed of as follows:

2. If any absent officer or soldier, in consequence of sickness or wounds, is absolutely unable to report for duty as above required, he will forward by mail to "The Assistant Adjutant General District of the Ohio, Nashville, Tane". eral, Distric: of the Ohio, Nashville, Tenn," Certificats of Disability, according to the follow

known concerning the disease or wound, or cause of disability; the time, place, manner, and all the circumstances under which the injury occurred or disease originated; the duty or situation of the efficer or soldier at the time the injury was received or disease contracted; and whatever facts may aid a judgment as to the cause, imme

(Signed) Date: Surgeon [or Physician]. Sworn and subscribed to before This certificate must be sub-cribed and sworn to by a Surgeon or private Physician in good stand-ing, and known as such by the megistrate or other officer by whom the oath is administered; and on it a discharge will be ordered from these Headmarters, or the case otherwise disposed of accord

ing to the circumstances.

3. The death of any officer or soldier which has occurred since the 1st of January last, while he was absent from his rigiment or company, and which has been reported by the Surgeon of the Hospital in which the death occurred, or by the friends of the deceased if not in Hospital, will be mmediately reported by the Surgeon of the Hos-pital, or by the affidavit of friends, to "The As-istant Adjutant-General, District of the Ohio, Nashville," setting forth the date of decease and ther material circumstances.

4. All absent officers and soldiers who do not 4. All absent onters and senters will do his-join their companies and regimen's, or are not satis-factorily accounted for as above by the 10th of July next, will be reported on their muster-roll as deserters, dating from the time they may have

een absent without authority.

By Act of Congress every deserter forfeits all claim on the government for pay and allowances, besides being liable to arrest and trial by Court Martial. Any person who apprehends and returns a deserter to the commanding officer of a military

post is entitled to five dollars.

By command of MAJOR GEN. BUELL.

[Official:]

JAMES B. FRY,

j10 dlm

A A G, Chief of Staff. A A G, Chief of Staff. TT The following papers will publish the above one month and send bill to the Quartermaster in this city

States from this date.

By command of Major General Buell.

JAS. B. FRY, A. A. G., Chief of Staff
Official—A. F. ROCKWELL, A. D. C. jy9 d3 Cincinnati Commercial copy three times an send bill to Colonel Swords, A. Q. M. General s

Toiler Soars .- A very large assortment, an J. SUES'S. for sale low, at Fourth st., bet. Main and Market.

Genuine Lubin's Extracts at J. SUES'S. HOLLOWAY'S PILLS - DEBILITY AND LAN-GUOR.—To remove the cause and prevent the effects is the true theory on which the treatment pursued by these medicines is founded. Languor arises from deb.lty and debility from the impoverishment of the blood or derangement of the digestive organs. If from the latter, the Pills are the best tonic medicines in use, and for their purifying and sanatitive properties they stand unequalled. For sick headache, nervous disorders, enervation, indigestion, and depression of spirits, they are the only remedy. Sold by all Droggists at 25c. 62, and \$1 per box. 181

Druggists at 25c.; 62, and \$1 per box. Hon. R. K. Williams, Union candidate for

Judge of Appellate Court, will address the peo Ple at Golden Pond, Trigg co., Saturday, July 12, Cadiz, Monday, July 14.

Wallonia, Tuesday, July 15.
Charleston, Wednesday, July 16.
Mad-sonville, Thurday, July 17.
Nebo, Friday, July 18.
Dixon, Saturday, July 19.
Morganfield, Monday, July 21.
Casayville, Tuesday, July 22. Caseyville, Tuesday, July 22, Marion, Wednesday, July 23. Fredonia, Thursday, July 24. Dycusburg, Friday, July 25.

The Grover & Baker Sewing Machine Con pany now offer a complete assortment of their Celebrated Noiseless Grover & Baker Stitch Ma chine; also new Lock Stitch Machines at No. 5 Masonic Temple, on Fourth, between Jefferson and Green, where customers can exam ine, prove, and choose between the rival stitches with the privilege of exchanging. No other es tablishment offers these inducements.

P S .- All kinds of stitching neatly done at the Coal oil that will burn longer and stand a higher temperature of heat than any other sold in the city for sale at Gay's China Palace, Fourth and Green.

KEEP IT BEFORE THE PEOPLE that the Louis ville Gold Pen Manufactory is the place to bu fine Pens, Holders, Cases, &c. Everybody can get a pen to suit them there. Gold Pens Repointed for 50c. Pens can be sent by mail Office on Main street, below Fourth. N. B -Stencil Brands cut as usual

j19 dtf R. C. HILL (late Barne & Hill). For all kinds of lumber, dressed and unressed, sash, doors, blinds, mouldings, boxes, &c., call at Alexander, Ellis, & Co.'s planing mill, sash, door, and blind factory and lumber yard, on Fulton street, just above Preston, fronting the river, or at their lumber yard, corner of

Walnut and Preston streets, or leave your orders

at their warerooms on Main street, nearly oppo

site the Galt House, Louisville, Ky. jan1 dtf

Goods, which he will offer very low for GASH ONLY. G. B. TABB.

Corner Fourth and Market streets. Baby Buggies. AMUSEMENTS.

LOUISVILLE THEATRE. MR. THOS. J. CARRY ....

THIS EVENING (Friday), July 11, will be presented the Freat Equestrian National Drama entitle PUTNAM, or the IBON SON OF 76—Major Putnam Mr. Wm. Preston.

Private Boxes 55; Dress Circle 50 cts; Second Tier 35 cts; Gallery 10 cts.
So Doors open at 72 and Curtain rises at 81/4 o'clock.
For particulars, see small bills.

AUCTION SALES.

CLOSING AUCTION SALE For the Ladies THIS MORNING (Friday), at 10 o'clock A. M., to be continued at 2 P. M. by WRIGHT, KETCHUM, & CO., at their Store, on Main street, between Fifth and sixth, of

FINE DRESS GOODS, CLOCKS, &c. 100 patieros superior Organdies, Lawns, and printed Medins: 50 fione Evening and Party Dreses, Hoon Skirts, and a large assoctment of Fau', Trimmings, and Staple Small Wares suited for families and retail stores

Terms cash (bankable funds). THOS. ANDERSON & CO., By C. C. Spencer.

FURNITURE AND HOUSEKEEPING ARTICLES AT AUCTION. THIS (FRIDAY) MORNING, July II, at 10 o'clock at Auction-Rooms, No. 520 Main street, will be soluted a variety of new and second-hand Furniture and House deeping articles. Also, by order of constable, a small oft of Furniture, Liquors, &c.

jvll dl

BY L. KAHN & CO. Special Auction Sale BYCATALOGUE

ON FRIDAY, July11, commencing at 10 o'clock A.M. we will sell, at Auction-rooms, a large and desirable stock of Goods, consisting as follows: 3) pieces Union Cloths (received since last sale); 10 do Cassimores and Doeskins;

25 do extra heavy Cassimeres. A small lot of Dress Goods: 125 dozen Suspender: 2 0 pieces best brands Calicoes

10 cases assorted bleached Shirting; 30 pieces fine Irish Linen; 25 pieces Bed Ticking; gether with a fine assortment of Small Wares, &c

At 11% A. M., 150 lots of BOOTS and SHOES, con orising best quality Men's, Women's, Boys', and Chi dren's Wear, adapted for retail trade. We invite the trade to this sale, as the Goods are Terms cash. L. KAHN & CO.,

By S. G. Henry & Co. NEW ORLEANS SUGAR, NO. 3 MACKEREL, GROUND PEPPER AND CINNAMON, WRAPPIN PAPER, FINE BOURBON WHISKY, AND CA TAWBA BRANDY

AT AUCTION. O'N FRIDAY MORNING, July 11, at 10 o'clowe will sell, for cash, at Auction-Rooms— 3 will sell, for cash, at Auction-Roo
2 hlds New Orleans Sngar;
10 bbls No. 3 Mackerel;
100 boxes grund Pepper and Cinns
50 do extra ground Coffee;
60 bdls Wrapping Paper;
20 boxes bar Toilet Soap;
10 do indiation Osstile Soap;
50 dozen Hemp B 4-Cords;
20 boxes \*spint Tumblers.

Also, to pay cash advances—.

100 cases prime Boutbon Whisky
100 do prime Catawba Brandy;
20 do Cognac do. S. G. HENRY & CO.,

Special Notices.

THE HORRID BARBARITY OF

THE BEAD-SHOT FOR BEDBUGS Is certain and immediate death to these noxious pests it breaks up their nests, destroys their eggs, and is a beom of destruction to all that ven ure near.

Both articles are for sale by dealers generally, jy2 disimaw4

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

THE CONFESSIONS AND EXPERIENCE OF AN INVALID.

The Published for the benefit and as a warning and a caution to young men who suffer from Nervous Debility. Permature Decay, &c.; supplying at the same time the means of Self-Cure. By one who has cured himsel after being rea to great expones through medical imposition and quaskery. By enclosing a poet-paul addressed envelope, sirkile cories may be had of the author, NATHANIEL MAYFAIR, Esq., Bedford, Kings county, N. Y.

RIVER NEWS.

For Evansville and Henderson, The splendid passenger steamer
J. T. MocoMBS, Ballard mas
Voris, clerk, will leave for above and
vay ports on Saturday, 12th inst., at 5 o'clock, P. M. way ports on Saturday, 12th inst., as because way ports on Saturday, 12th inst., as because For freight or passage apply on board or to T. M. ERWIN, Agent.

Regular Louisville and Memphis Packet. For Cairo, Hickman, and Memphis The fine light draught steamer
FOREST QUEEN, CONWAY maste
will leave for above and all way porte of
this day, 11th inst., at 5 o'clock, P. M., from Portland.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
111
B. J. CAFFBEY, Agent.

For Evansville and Henderson. For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents,

For Cairo, Hickman, and Memphis, The magnificent passenger steamer WOODFORD, Mosses Irwin, maste will leave for above and all way ports of Friday, the 11th lnst., at 5 o'block P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to j10 T. M. ERWIN. Agents.

Regular Monday and Friday United States

Mail Line Passenger Packet

For Avansville and Henderson. The elegant passenger steamer "star" GREY EAGLE, HUTSINFILLER, mater LUSK, clerk, leaves for above and all wa ports on Friday, 11th inst., at 5 o'clock, P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to 110 For Cairo, Hickman, and Memphis,

The magnificent bassenger steamer WOODFORD, M. IRWIN, master will leave for above and all way porte of Friday, the 11th inst., at 4 o'clock P. M. For freight or passage apply on board or to MOORHEAD & CO., Agents. For Madison and Carrollton. The steamer TRIO, W. B. RUSSELL master.

EARREART clerk, will leave Louisville overy Tuesday, Thursday, and Saturday at 12 M. for Carrollton, and returning, seave Carrollton every Monday, Wednesday, and Friday.

Regular Tuesday U. S. Mail Packet
For Gairo, Rickman, Columbus, Paducah, Evansville, Memphis, and all
way Landings. the elegant, light-draught, side-wheel stemmer COMMERCAL, Archier master, Lou, Beeler, and Jim. Green clerks, will leave as above, connecting at Cairo with packets for St. Louis and at Smithland and Paducah with boats for the Cumberland and Tennessee rivers.

MOORHEAD& CO., and T. M. ERWIN, Agents.

REGULAR PACKET—U.S. HAIL MORNING LIN Connecting at Cincinnati with early Eastern trains For Gincinnati. The magnificent passenger steamers
GEN. ANDERSON, Hildern, master
GEN. ANDERSON, Hildern, master
One of the above steamers will leave for the above
cort faily at 12 o'clock, M.
For fields or or passage apply on board or to
JOSEPH CAMPION, Agent,
Office at the Wharf-boat, foot of Third st-

REGULAR U. S. MAIL PACKETS
For Owensboro, Evansville, Hender-son, and all intermediate Landings. THE SPLENDID STEAMERS DELLA BIG GREY EAGLE, A. DONALLY, master, leaves on Mondays and Fridays at 5 o'clock P. M. STAR GREY EAGLE, JOHN HOSTINFILLER, master leaves Wednesdays and Saturdays at 5 o'clock P. M., connecting at Evansville with the Paducah and Cairo packets. peokets.
For freight or passage apply on board or to
T. M. ERWIN or
MOURHEAD & CO.,
Agenta, Wall st.

Farmers' Tools. SCYTHES, SICKLES, CRADLES, GRASS HOOKS

Strayed! Strayed!! Strayed!!! One bright BAY HORSE COLT, 3 years of the bound of the bo

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS

Morning Despatches. Late Southern News from the

Richmond Papers. Magruder's and Johnston's Divisions Badly Cut Up.

Federal Prisoners to Work on the

Plantations. Flag-Officer Wounded in the Head,

Late Foreign Intelligence.

Congressional Proceedings, &c., &c. NEW YORK, July 10. A Richmond paper of the 3d of July report Magruder's and Johnston's divisions frightfully cut up and the loss of officers as very great

ng the latter are many of the best and rayest of the Southern army.

It is confessed that the valor of our men desated their plan to capture McClellan's entire rce. The retreat was managed with consummate dement, and our position defended with such ubbornness as caused them very heavy losses. The number of our prisoners at Richmond is 500. Gen, McCall is at the Spotswood House lothing is said about his being wounded. It is propesed to put our men on an island in

he James river rapids where a large guard wil unnecessary.

The rebel army is in danger of complete deoralization. The paper says when whole divi-ons turn their backs upon the foe the safety of ne army is imperilled.

The same paper suggests the parceling out of prisoners among the plantations to work in the place of negroes who have been stolen or run

way. The World says: We give an interesting state-The World says: We give an interesting statement made by a Union man who has just reached this city from Atlants, Georgia, respecting the position of affairs at the South. From the gentleman's account (we can vouch for its being trustworthy), it appears, first, that had the recent contest before Richmond terminated in a Confederate defeat, the rebellion would have been ended, as the spirit of the South was almost utterly broken by the long series of rebel defeats. Second, that the rebel army at Richmond, previous to the late battle, was undoubtedly over 200,000 strong. Fully half of Beauregard's army passed through Atlanta, bound for Richmond, to this gentleman's knowledge. Third, that a comparatively small quantity of cotton has been destroyed at the South, as the planters do all they can to save and not to destroy their property. There will be an abundance, therefore, for the needs of commerce, whenever the rebellion is ended. Fourth, that the wheat and cat crop at the South is an utter failure, and if the corn should also fail, famine, as well as the other horrors of war, will be the fate of the South. late battle, was undoubtedly over 200,000 str

NEW YORK, July 10. A rebel despatch says the British steamer Modrn Greece, going into Wilmington, North Caro-na, on the 27th was run aground near Fort isher by the blockading fleet, who hauled off on the opening of the fort on them.

She has 1,000 pounds of powder on board. The fort succeeded in striking so as to wet the powder and prevent her explosion by the Federal shells. It is believed a large portion of the cargo will be leaved.

A dee patch from Gent. Lee to Jeff Dayls and states the rebel loss in officers and men as great.

A Richmond telegram of the 28th expressed the opinion that McClellan would capitulate, as his army was thoroughly discomfitted.

Gen. Elsey was severely wounded—it is feared mortally; Mejor General Wheat was killed. The British steamer Ragar was in Charleston buther. British steamer Racer was in Charleston harbor

on the 28th.

A Washington special to the Post says the forthcoming address of the Republican members of Congress to the people will favor the most energetic projection of the war, and the use of all the most income over except the republicant. ne means in our power against the rebels and

th, has arrived. The health of the troops is fa-orable. The rebel pickets are annoying at Wil-nington Island. Two of our pickets were wounded on the 5th. All quiet at Beaufort.

SENATE. The President pro ten. laid before the Senate a communication from the War Department, transmitting copies of all instructions to the Generals in the army, in pursuance of the act of Congress of August 5, 1861, relative to freeing the slaves

Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, from the Military Committee, reported back the House joint resolution authorizing the Secretary of War to furnish extra clothing to wounded and other soliers, which was passed.
Mr. Doolittle, from the Indian Committee, reorted back the biil relative to the trust bonds
batracted by the late Secretary of the Interior,

abstracted by the late Secretary of the Interior, which was passed.

Mr. Chandler, from the Committee on Commerce, reported a bill providing for the appointment of Surveyors, &c.

Mr. McDougall offered a resolution that the President be requested to have prepared a full report of the foreign and domestic trade and commerce of California and Oregon and Washington Territory, to be submitted at the next session. Laid over.

aid over.
Mr. Anthony introduced a bill to define the nmber of Brigadier and Major Generals in the ar-ny. The bill provides for a reduction in the number of Brigadier and Major Generals. It was refer-

of Brigadier and Major Generals. It was referred to the Military Committee.

Mr. Chardler called for the resolution calling for all the old orders issued by Gen. McClellan, his correspondence, the number of his force, &c. He then modified the resolution so as to request the President to furnish this information if not incommetible with the public interests. acompatible with the public interes's.

Mr. Wright said he had been mortified at the lone of the Senator's speech. When he, Chandler, offered this resolution, it was not his (Wright's) offered this resolution, it was not his (Wrights) place, in the hour of the country's trouble, to make any charges against, or throw any obstacles in the way of, the Generals in the field. In the opinion of the Senator (Chandler) General McClellan must have committed an atrocious crime, worthy of the severest penalty of the law. General McClellan has not been a nowspaper— General McClollan has not been a nowspaper-General, written up by correspondents, but he has been most indecently denounced by them, yet he has never made any reply. He (Wright) would not go back to the operations of General McClellan on the Potomac, but venture to say that General McClellan's ten days' campaign in front of Richmond, fighting an infuriated army, would arouse as much admiration among the people of foreign countries as it has a wakened confidence and hope among our own people. He (Wright) was in favor of the vigorous prosecution of the war, and in favor of a strong confiscion will but he would do nothing to delute the cation bill, but he would do nothing to delude the true Union men of the country. This was not the place to pass such a resolution as this, sanc-

tioned, as it was, by the speech of the Sana-tor from Michigan. If President Lincoln and Secretary Stanton can trust General McClellan, he (Wright) was willing to trust him. He would stand by the man (General McClellan) who was fighting the battles of the country.

Mr. Chandler said that the Senator from Ma-willing the work of the country. yland (Wright) must have mistaken his (Chander's) remarks. The press of the country has been filled with donunciations of the Secretary on his part—not sending reinforcements to Gen.
McClellan. It was intended that this assault
upon the Secretary of War should be deadly and
lead to his removal. He denied that Secretary
Stanton was guilty of the crime, and he simply
called for the evidence in the case. It was plain

called for the evidence in the case. It was plain to every man in the land that, when the army was sent off to the peninsula, there should have been a sufficient force retained to defend the Capital. He had the evidence of one Major-Generals taken before the committee on the conduct of the war, in which they said it was absolutely necessary to retain a force here for the defence of Washington. Gen. Richardson, in his sworn statement, said it would require 40,000 men and a corps of 60,000 men to stop the movements of the anguar above or below the citymen and a corps of 60,000 men to stop the movements of the enemy above or below the city. Gen. Franklin thought that 35,000 to 50,000 men would be necessary; and the others said 50,000 to 75,000 men must be left here for the proper defence of the place. When Gen. McClellan went to Fortress Mouroe it was found he had not left a solitary regiment here except the 19th New York, and that he had not left a solitary gun on wheels for the defence of the capital. Had this

York, and that he had not left a solitary gun on wheels for the defence of the capital. Had this gone on, the enemy would have taken the capital before the month of April.

But the President interposed and stopped it and kept a corps for the defence of the Capital. Was it not proper that these facts should go to the country? Was it not right the people should know what the facts really are? The President and Secretary Stanton sent every solitary man

Mr. Cowan thought such a resolution shou not have been introduced, but, now that the issue was made, it ought to be passed, that the facts

was made, it ought to be passed, that the facts might come forth.

Mr. Henderson thought this resolution was going to have the effect to make parties in the country. In regard to the operations of the Generals in the field, if reinforcements are sent to McClellan, the rebel capital can be taken in a month. Cease, then, these mischievous resolutions, which only tend to excite party feeling. If any General is incompetent, let the President remove him at once; but he had seen no incompetency in front of Richmond. We were always apt to underrate the force of the rebels. We must have more energy and larger force. or apt to underrate the force of the rebels. We must have more energy and larger force, or we shall never put down this rebellion. It is useless to close our eyes to the facts that the rebels are as strong as we are, and the people may as well know the fact, the news apers having been saying for months that the Southern army is standing. Is it possible that that there is such ignorance as to suppose that with the climate and soil of the South the rebels can be starved out. It is perfectly idle to attempt to conceal the facts from the people. They ought to know everything connected with this war. The South are as well furnished with cannon and weapons of war as we connected with this war. The South are as well furnished with cannon and weapons of war as we are, and they will continus to make them. He wanted to inspire a little more soul in the country. Let the whole country join as one, and let certain leaders of the Republican party cease their schemes of emancipation, not but that he believed them honest in their views, but he believed they were mistaken. There had not been sufficient confidence reached in the men of the border States. He (Hendersop) had heard it said that the men from the border States were not so loyal as they should be because they were so

said that the men from the border States were not so loyal as they should be because they were so much attached to slavery. The border States had put their share of men in the Uniou army, and in Missouri they were ready to put in the full 12,000 men asked for by the recent call, and if this was not enough, Missouri would put into the field 12,000 more. And in regard to the charges made; against Kentucky, he helieve i the neutrality adopted by the Union men of that State saved the State to the Union. These schemes of emancipation might as well be postponed until next December because nothing can be done until the serried tanks of the rebels are broken up, and he did not believe that they were going to be broken up by that time; but he was not prepared to call loyal men abolitionists, because he believed many of these were sincere in their belief. Loyal men in the South certainly cannot complain as much of the abolitionists as in their belief. Loyal men in the South certainly cannot complain as much of the abolitionists as they can of the rebels, for the latter have taken fifty per cent of the slave; from Missouri. He was not in favor of arming the negroes. The slaves never could be made soldiers, but he would have the slaves used at every kind of labor. He should notice, the resolution of the Senator from Michigan (Chandler), for the people might as well have all the facts now, but he was very sorry to hear charges of disloyalty laid against General McClollan by Mr. Chandler. That he had made no charges of that kind or anything that would

no charges of that kind, or anything that would bear such construction. He believed that great mistakes had been made, but he charged nothing Mr. Henderson was glad to hear that, and he wanted it to go to the country. That was no suspicion of disloyalty in the mind of any one against McClellan. He put most perfect confidence

Mr. Saulsbury offered an amendment to the resolution so as to include the number of troops under Gen. Fremont and Gen. Banks at the date of Gen. McClellan's departure for the Peninsula; also, the number of troops in and around Washington; also, the number of troops between Washington and the Rappahannock; also, the number of troops actually in service under Gen. McClellan in the recent engagements before R'chmond. Mr. Chandler accepted the amendment.

Mr. Trumbull said he was astonished that Senators were so united in praising McClellan and were yet so unwilling to hear any different opinion colution so as to include the number of troop

were yet so unwilling to hear any different opinion concerning him. The Senator from Maryland (Mr. Wright) with strange forgetfulness says that Gen. McClellan has not defended himself in the newspapers. Has that Senator read the papers? The papers have been full of the praises of Gen. McClellan and his great stragetic skill. He was drawing the rebels into a trap, and Gen. McClellan was placed in command more than a year ago of all the army, with power. If the Senator from Missouri (Mr. Hetderson) had been told that Gen. McClellan was to take command of the army and remain in one position, not only during the fall, but during the winter, without making an attack upon the enemy, would that gentleman have chosen such a General?

Mr. Henderson said he had thought that Manassas should have been attacked; but he also thought that the Senator from Illinois, like a great many others, had underrated the force of the were yet so unwilling to hear any different opi

The policy of employing blacks in military operations is rapidly gaining favor here.

The steamer Potomac, from Port Royal on the but has the General in whom the Senator has such unbounded confidence ever made an attack?

The first rehellion to be put down by digging the state of the control of the troops is farmed to the control of t Is this rebellion to be put down by digging trenches and ac ing on the defensive? The fact is, taking out the loyal slaves, there are only ed on the 5th. All quiet at Beaufort.

A correspondent of the World from on board the flag-ship Hartford, June 29, says flag officer Farragut was wounded in the head during the engagement, but his injuries are not considered serious.

18, taking out the loyal staves, there are no in about eight million people in the States now in rebellion. The rebels could not raise as large an army as the State of New York, and they have to watch the slave population. Let the Union army stop watching the slaves. He was not army stop watching the slaves. Washington, July 10.

No intelligence has been received from the country will know whether digging trenches a rmy of the Potomac for several days past fur-

what he knew was on mere information.

Mr. Davis said that, what he had said, he anderstood to be so, and if the Senate would give derstood to be so, and if the Senate would give him an opportunity he thought he could prove it.

Mr. Chandler said Gen McClellan's plan, as submitted, was to leave the enemy at Manassas, and the Potomac blockaded, and the whole army was to be shipped off by way of Annap. lis. This plan was overruled by the President and Secretary of War. The facts ought to be stated fairly.

Mr. Wilson, of Mass., said the Senator from Kentucky (Mr. Davis) has made some statements which ought not to go to the country. He (Wilwhich ought not to go to the country. He (Wilson) should without hesitation or qualification say that the Senator from Kentucky (Davis) was utterly mistaken. He (Wilson) did not believe that the Secretary of War was engaged in any intrigue against Gen. McClellan. His (Wilson's) position as chairman on n ilitary affairs gave him advantages for finding out if such was the case, and this was the first time that he had ever heard of it. There had been considerable difference in regard to the plans of taking Richmond. It was understood that there were three plans, one was Gen. Rosecrans, to go by the valley of the Shinandoah to Richmond, and he believed that the Secretary of War approved of this plan; another was to go down to Richmond by way of the Rappahannock; the third plan was to go to Bichmond by way of the peninsula, which was the plan of Gen. McClallan.

Mr. Chandler's resolution was then passedyeas 31, nays 6.
Nays—Messrs. Anthony, Foster, Lane, of Kan-Nay:—Messas. Anthony, Foster, Lane, of Kansas, McDongal, Saulsbury, and Wright.

On motion of Mr. Wilson, the bill amendatory of the act of 1797, calling out the militia, was taken up, the question being on the amendment authorizing the President to receive negroes into the United States service for labor on intrenchments.

ments, &c.
Mr. Collamar said he should vote against the bill as it stood, on the ground that it provided for an unlimited conscription. This country decided in the war of the Revolution, and in the war of 2812, that it would not follow the system of Eu-ropean conscription, but this bill allows the Presi-dent to draft men in such numbers and for such a length of time as he pleases, which, in fact, is just such a conscription, but he (Collamar) believed that the country had the right to the services of all the people, whether white or black. He knew that they did use the blacks in the last war, and he believed they did good service in last war, and he believed they did good service in regard to the second amendment, which provides freedom for the wife, children, and mothers of those blacks who performed such service. He said that it was nugatory because in this country knows no father, mother, wife or child, and yet this is called a Christian institution.

Mr. Tensyck moved to strike out the words military or naval where it says "or any military or naval service for which they may be competent."

Mr. Lovejoy asked but failed to receive consent to introduce a resolution instructing the Committee on Ways and Means to take measures to prevent non-specie paying banks from interfering prevent non-specie paying banks from interfering with Treasury notes to the serious injury of the public credit.

The House passed the Senate's resolution to

The House passed the Senates resolution to suspend all payments under the act of March last to officers and men actually employed in the Western Department their pay, bounty, and pen-sions, and appoint three commissioners to examine and redeem all claims and report to the Secretary

of War.
The House passed the Senate bill for the better covernment of the navy and the House resolution of thanks to Com. Foote. Adjourned. CAIRO, July 10.

In consequence of remonstrances signed by the commanding General and the War Claim Commissioners, the order for closing Mound City hospital and transferring it to Memphis has been rescinded by the Secretary of War.

The War Claim Commissioners here have acted on upwards of 1,200 clains up to this evening.

Six bushwhackers visited the residence of a Union man named Pratt, in Lawis county, Mis-souri, on Tuesday last, and robbed his house and nurdered him. A band of eight in number visited Monticello, near Canton, in the same county, yesterday, and robbed the store of Mr. Thurston of everything of value. The citizens of Canton are preparing to defend themselves, in anticipation of an attack from these marauders.

ARRIVAL OF THE CITY OF NEW YORK. St. John's, July 10. The City of New York, from Liverpool on the 2d and Queenstown on the 3d, was boarded off Cape Race on I hursday forenoon.

The City of Washington arrived at Queenstown

spared from the defence of the Capital. Nothing was refused to that army that could possibly be spared. Was it not fair then that the President should know that the man Secretary Stanton, who was opposed to the army, but who was in favor of marching the army straight into Richmond.

Mr. Lane, of Kansaa, moved to postpone the further consideration of the resolution until December.

Mr. Trumbull was in favor of the passage of the resolution. Let the facts go to the people of the country. He was willing to trust all the people with the facts.

Mr. Wilson, of Massachusetts, said he would not vote on any speech that had been made on the subject, but simply on the resolution calling for the facts, which country to go to the acceleration. The facts which country to the facts which country to the facts.

COMMERCIAL.

DAILY REVIEW OF THE MARKET. OFFICE OF THE LOUISVILLE JOURNAL, FRIDAY, July 11, 1862.

There was an unusual excit-ment in the mency mar-ter yesterday, the bankers having advanced the selling rate for gold to 20 % cent premium, and offering to pay premium of 17 to 18 % cent. There was next to nothing done in the precious metals however, as those search of them did not feel warranted in paying so avy an advance, and holders were disposed to remain olders with the hope of a greater advance. The bankrs were offering to pay 10 % cent premium for silver and sold at 12@13 % cent premium. Demand Treasury notes command a premium of 5 % cent. There was a disposition also to hold Kentucky money at an advance above par, and in a few instances those whose engagenents were pressing submitted to a shave of % to % ? cent in an exchange of Treasury notes for Kentucky currency. Eastern exchange remains sluggish at par to & premium, the bankers buying at % discount. There was a decided improvement in the market for coffee, some dealers holding their stocks far above the views of huyers. The stocks for the control of the contr vancing in price, as our accounts of sales indicate

iews of buyers. The staple of tobacco is constantly FLOUR AND GRAIN—Market quiet. Sales 400 bbls flour at \$3 75@4 75 for superfine and extra. Sales 600 bushels wheat at 75@85c for red and prime white, and dull. We quote oats in bulk at 34c, with sales of 800 bushels. Sales of 1,200 bushels shell corn without sacks 34@36c. Rye firm at 40@43c. Barley 65@70c. CHEESE—More active, with sales 195 boxes Western Reserve at 6% @7c.

HAY-No sales. We quote nominally at \$12@15 % ton for loose and hard-pressed.

GROOMERES — Better demand for the staple articles.

Sales of 61 hhds New Orleans sugar at 3% @9c, and 10
bbls crushed sugar at 11% c. Sales of 10 bbls molasses
at 44c, and 28 half bbls at 45c. Coffee has advanced,

ith sales of 162 sacks Rio at 20@221/c. We quote ric WHISKY-Sales 160 bbls raw at 29%c, and 50 bbls re DRIED PEACHES-Sales at \$1 90@2 10 39 bushel. BUTTER-Unchanged. Sales at 8@10c % b.
CANDLES—Sales 50 boxes star at 15c for full weight. BATTING-Firm at 16c, with sales 10 bales.

ic. No Cannelton in the market COTTON YARNS-Scarce, with sales 15 bags at 21, 22, HEMP-Good demand at \$55 to \$63 79 ton, as to the

SHEETINGS-Unchanged, with sales Great Western at

COTTON-Limited sales of Tennessee and North Alaama middling at 35@37c # 1b. FEATHERS-Good demand at 33@356 MANUFACTURUD TOBACCO—Firm, with sales 100 boxes /irginia at 42@50c and 42 boxes Kentucky at 35@45c. TOBACCO - Sales 172 hhds: 18 hhds at \$7@7 95, 17 at 05@8 80, 12 at \$9@9 90, 12 at \$10@10 75, 13 at \$11@ 75, 17 at \$12@12 75, 20 at \$13@13 75, 22 at \$14@14

84. Wheat dull at 77@80c for red, and 77@90c for white. A lot of 2,000 bushels wheat (new crop), sold at 74c for red, and 79 for white, to be delivered a few days hence The offerings for future delivery are quite large. Oats dull at 35c. Corn in moderate demand at 33c. Rye dull at 48c. Whisky firm at 28c. Nothing done in provi ons. An active demand for sugar and coffee, and rices higher. Raw sugar 9@10c, refined 10%@12%c,

Coffee is %@1c higher, and in active demand at 91@ 34c. The sales of sugar comprise 250 hhds, and of offee 22) bags. Molasses unchanged and firm at 47c, and 49c in the jobbing way-New Orleans, from the nding, sells at 43@45c.

Bankers paid 115 for gold in the morning, and 114 at ne close. Silver is bought at 8 % cent premium, and demand notes at 6.

Flour—Market less active and closes scarcely so firm, with no buyers; the advance in freights and the slight decline in sterling exchange has a depressing effect; sales of 18,600 bbls at \$4 60@4 75. Whisky a shade irmer; sales of 800 bbls at 30c. Wheat-Sales of 28,000 waukee club at \$1 10@1 14, 33,000 bushels amber lows at \$1 14@1 16%, the latter price for choice; 19,000 bush els winter red Western at \$1 23@1 25, 29,000 bushels amber Michigan at \$1 25@1 28, 22,000 bushels white Michigan at \$1 30@1 35, 5,000 extra choice do at \$1 55, and 12,400 bushels white Ohio at \$1 29@1 30. Rye firm with sales of 14,000 bushels Western at 69c. Corn firm, with sales of 97,000 bushels at 48@52c for new mixed many others, had underrated the force of the rebels everywhere.

Mr. Trumbull said we had always acted on the Oats in moderate request at 43%@45c for Jersey, Cana-

> Coffee-Rio more active and firmer-sales 10,000 bags at 20%@22c. Sugar—Raw more active and firme 200 hhds at 7% @8%c for Cuba, 9c for Porto Rico, 8%@ 10%c for New Orleans. By auction 250 hbds do at 8%@ 9%c. Refined active, and prices firmer. Molasses more ₩ gallon to-day and yesterday—sales to-day include 415 hhds,sales 92 bbls Cuba Muscovado at 28c, 50 hhds cleared Cuba at 23c, and 200 hhds Barbadoes at 33c, and by auc tion 400 bbls New Orleans at 30@35c.

No intelligence has been received from the army of the Potomac for several days past further than that it is improving in strength and efficiency.

Capt. W. F. Smith, of the Topographical Engineers, was to day confirmed by the Senate as a Brigadier-General. The nomination had been pending since August last. It is known that he has been acting as a Brigadier-General of volunteers.

XXXVIITH CONGRESS—FIRST SESSION.

WASHINGTON, July 10.

Country will know whether digging trenches a great the way to put down armed rebellion, and then when he is attacked leaving the trenches, and doing the fighting outside of them. He believed the people were ready to make any sacrifice to put down the rebellion, and the means a side of them. He believed the people were ready to make any sacrifice to put down the rebellion, as a Brigadier-General of volunteers and with the secretary of War was intriguently of the Secretary of War was intriguently of the Secretary of War was infavor of the resolution, but believed the Secretary of War was intriguently of the secretary of war, but the Secretary of War, and the market more stoady—sales 1,930 bbls at \$10 37 @10 50 for mess, \$10 75 (for prime mess, \$857/608 75 for prime —the latter price for choice, which is an extreme. Beef continues quiet and prices are well maintained, about 100 bbls sold at \$5 50@7 for prime, \$86@10 for mess, \$11@ 1350 for repacked mess, and \$13@14 50 for extra mess. Prime mess beef dull at \$13@20. Beef hams unchanged —sales 50 bbls extra choice Western at \$16 50. Cut means in fair domaid and firm—sales 260 packages at 35/46 for for hams. Pork—a fair business doing and the market more steady—sales 1,930 bbls at \$10 37@10 50 for mess, \$10 75

at 6%c, and 100 boxes long clear on private terms. Lard more active and firmer, the advance being fully 18c sales 42,000 bbls at 73/4@87/c-included in sales are 12,000 bbls choice, deliverable all next March, on private terms. Butter selling slowly at 9@14c for Ohio, and 10 prime paper. Sterling exchange lower and unsettled-the whole range is 1271/2 @1281/2 for bankers' bills. American gold lower—opening at 17% and closing at 15%. California gold bars quoted at 16% % cent prem. Gevernment stocks dull-United States 6s of '81 101%@ Stocks dull and steady-Chicago and Rock Island 65.

teed 57%, Michigan Southern 2d bonds 53, Michigan Central 61%, Harlem preferred 38%, New York Central 92%, Erie 35%, Erie preferred 63%, Harlem 16%, United States 6s of 1881—coupons 162, California 7s 93, Michigan Southern 2d bonds 83%, American gold 115%, Paci

Illinois Central scrip 5914, Michigan Southern guaran

dition.

Hogs—The receipts and sales reached about 2,500 head, selling at steady rates, prices ranging from \$4 25 to \$5 the 100 lbs net, as to condition.

Sheep—Some 7,000 head were offered and sold at from \$2 50 to \$3 50 per head, as in quality.—U. S. Gazette. PORT OF LOUISVILLE. ARRIVALS YESTERDAY. Gen'l Buell, Cin.

Nashville, Cin.

Sandy Valley, Madison.

Belle Peorla, Nach.

Star Grey Eagle, Hend.

DEPARTURES YESTERDAY.

Jacob Poe, Cin.
Mary Miller, Dann. River.
Sandy Valler, Madison.
V. W. Crawford, Nash. The river is falling at this point, having declined three inches during the twenty-four hours ending at 7 o'clock last evening, with five feet nine inches water in the canal. There were two or three showers of rain yesterday, and the weather continued cloudy last night.

The Jacob Poe arrived from the Tennessee river yes. The Jacob Poe arrived from the Tennessee river yes, terday with 400 bales cotton and a quantity of Government harness, the cotton from Pittaburg Landing.

The Nashville, from Cincinnati for the Tennessee river, put out a lot of army wagons and took on a consignment of bagging and rope.

The Sandy Valley arrived from Madison with a cargo

of whisky and returned last evening to Madison.

The Silver Lake No. 3, which was receiving for Pitteburg, was called into the Government service. She will take a cargo of Government stores for Nashville.

The W. W. Crawford left for Nashville last evening with a full load of army supplies.

The United States ram Monarch arrived at New Albany on Wednesday night, where she will receive new

boilers. She was conspicuous in the great butting affair at Memphis, and has since been doing service at Vickeburg and up the Yazoo and St. Francis rivers. She ascended the Yazoo river seventy-five miles to the ourn four boats—three gunboats, as follows: Van Dorne Polk, and Livingston, and J. H. Mears, or surrends them up. The Monarch left Vicksburg on the 28th ult., having made her run up the Yazoo since that time. Lieutenant Bartlett, her commander, says when he left Vicksburg 5,000 men, including 3,000 negroes, were engaged in cutting a new channel for the Mississippi.

We learn from the New Albany Ledger of yesterday that the Chancellor is being put in splended trim at nat city. She already looks like a new boat.

ard, and is to be repaired throughout, and painted up n the best style. When she comes out again she will in in the New Orleans trade. The J. N. Kellogg is lying at New Albany, receiving a new wheel, and being completely rejuvenated.

The Hetty Gilmore lays just below the Kellegs. The Hetty is to be overhauled from hull to hurricane roof.

Hetty is to be overhauled from hull to hurricane roof.
She will come out in a few weeks.

Large shipments of sutler's goods, which were sent forward by boat from this port for Pitteburg Landing, have been returned, as the army cannot be found or reached from that point.

We learn from the Cincinnest Commercial that the We learn from the Cincinnati Commercial that the Nashville, for Tennessee river, took two hundred Fede-

al soldiers from that city. The splendid new steamer Major Anderson, Capt. Hildreth, is the mail and passenger packet for Cincinnati at noon to-day.

The popular steamer Woodford, Capt. Mose Irwin will leave for Cairo, Hickman, and Memphis at 5 The Star Grey Eagle, Capt. Hutsinpiller, will leave

for Evansville and Henderson at the usual hour this af-

FRIDAY, JULY 11, 3 A. M. Den Air. Max.Min., BAROMETRE.

men, in long drives with heavy loads, through

very old, some new and shining with the fresh water. They usually present to the street mall pipe projects, and as the precio iquid is not so abundant always as t ustify waste, it is necessary in many in

testify while they meekly follow each other up to the spout.

tle, and then forgets, mere outbreaks of water from the earth, which for two thousand years have flowed from the same spots, but which mark the greatest events in the history of the race,

ONE OF THE NEW REGIMENTS .- Under the call of the President, Col. A. G. Hobson has commenced to recruit an Infantry Regiment in the Fourth Congressional District, with his headquarters at Bowling Green. The Colonel belongs to a "fighting family," and has been actively engaged in resisting the rebellion since April of half out. last year. He was very active in aiding to raise | Miss Jessie..... Lexington Filty regiments, and has served nine months in the field without pay, having acted as volunteer aid to Gen. Boyle in the advance on Bowling Green, and continued with him until the army reached being at Pittsburg Landing until after the fight of Shiloh, but was at the siege of Corinth as aid to Col. Beaty, the ranking Colonel of the Brigade. His brother Col. E. H. Hobson commands the 13th Kentucky regiment and his two sons are with their uncle; the oldest Maj. W. E. Hobson, only eighteen years of age, and Jonathan Hobson, the boy of the Regiment, only fifteen years old. The Major is the youngest Major in the

service and acted as Lieutenant Colonel on the field of Shiloh, where he had his horse shot dead under him in the engagement, and received the compliments of General Boyls state further, that if any of my friends or others as a brave boy. Jonathan made his escape from Bowling Green in the latter part of November. and gave Gen. Buell a full and detailed account of the force at that place, and a plan and drawings of the fortifications, which were most imnortant matters of information. We think this exhibit of the Hobson "stack" will give confidence to any one who does not know Col. A. G. person-

the State, and his command will be one of the crack regiments in the service.

The pattles in which her soldiers have been engaged have all been victories.

Other battles have to be fought and more laurels are to be won. The rebellion has to be put down and the national unity and authority main-tained.

I respectfully request you to give this a place in the Journal.

B. W. HALL, M. D.

G. B. TABB, corner of Fourth and Market in the Journal.

B. W. HALL, M. D.

THE EIGHTH JUDICIAL DISTRICT. - John L. Scott, Esq, the Union nominee for the office of Commonwealth's attorney in the Eighth Judicial and Trimble, will address the people of these counties at such times and places as they may think proper to designate up to the Saturday before the August election. He will speak at a

reshed with delicious draughts of nature's spark- District, composed of the counties of Franklin, Grant, Henry, Owen, Gallatin, Bcone, Carroll, orbecue at Bald Knob, in Franklin county, on Saturday next; at Williamstown, in Grant county, on Monday, July 14th, that being county ourt day, and at Cedar Lock, in Henry county, at a barbecue, on Saturday, July 26th. We hope our friends will turn out at these and other meet-

> [For the Louisville Journal.]
> COL. HOBSON'S REPORT OF THE SHILOH FIGHT. GREENSBURG, KY., July 1, 1862.

ngs in the district to hear this noble Union

Brig.-Gen. J. T Boyle: GENERAL: Enclosed please find a copy of my ficial report of the battle of Shiloh, which I desire to have published in the Journal and Damo-crat. A number of friends have requested me to have it done. In your official report to General innell you mention several camp officers of my regiment in a praise-worthy manner, and it affords me great pleasure to see them mentioned personally in your report. Permit me, General, to state that in that ever memors ble day, and throughout that sanguinary conflict, I was not disappointed in the conduct of my command, and when my mind reverts back to the scenes and trials of September ast, in my native town and country when the st, in my native town and county, when the famous secesh party would taun' my men, calling tem "rag-tags" and "bob-tails," and that if we ver met the bloods and aristocracy, of which hey claimed to be part and parcel, that they rould devour us; that one blooded secesh Ken-ucky soldier could whip fifteen of the "patched tucky soldier could whip lifteen of the "patched breeches fellows" belonging to the Union army. How we disappointed them at Shiloh will long be remembered by the members of the Thirteenth Kentucky. That was the happlest and proudest day of my existence, to think that I had whipped and routed the notorious Sixth Kentucky (rebel) Regiment, commanded by Colonel Jo. Lewis, of erren county, Kentucky. Permit me, General call your attention to the following name

ullivan, and Hagan. All are entitled to great raise for gul'ant conduct. Very respectfully, your obedient servant, E. H. HOBSON, Col. 13 h Ky. HEADQUARTERS 13TH REG'T KY. VOL., FIELD OF SHILOAM, April 9, 1862.

rigadier - General Boyle, Commanding Eleven'h GENERAL: I have the honor to report that the Thirteenth Kentucky Regiment, under my com-nand, landed from the steamer Planet, on the hight of the 6th inst, near Pittsburg Landing, Cennessee, and were ordered by you to take posi-ion in line of battle on the left of Col. Beatty's Nineteenth Ohio and to remain in position until arther ordered. Your order was promptly com-lyed with, the men resting on their arms throughout the night in a drenching rain. At or about daylight on the 17th you ordered me to move my regiment by the right flank and take position on the right of Captain Mendenhall's battery. We were in that position but a short time when the enemy opened a heavy fire with shot and shell which ranged over the battery and my regiment. A heavy fire commencing on the left of the bat-tery in which the Fourteenth brigade were engaged you ordered me to throw out my two flanking empanies as skirmishers to notice the movement of the enemy. Soon after receiving your order General Crittenden ordered me to move my regi-ment in double quick time to the support of the Fourteenth brigade. Marching my regiment left in front through a thick chaparrel we found the enemy in considerable force bahind logs and trees, but a short distance in front, when I ordered my men to open fire, which was done in gallant stile. We were engaged about twenty-five minutes, when a portion of my line was broken by straglers from the Fourteenth Wisconsin regiment, which caused a slight recoil on the part of a few of my rear rank men. They were soon rallied and coured in a heavy fire on the enemy's line, thinning their ranks and driving them from the field. During the ergagement of my regiment in the

haparrel the enemy's battery were throwing in shot and shell, endeavoring by that means to drive me from position, but the range being too high caused but few casualties. Captain Mondenhall with his battery was ordered into position, and my regiment was ordered to the immediately on his right to afford bin nec stary support. A heavy firing com-mencing on our left, General Crittenden or-dered me to hold my regiment in read ness to charge the enemy's battery, which I did in con-nection with Colonel Hawkins's Eleventh Ken-

tire engagement. The casualties in my regiment are, in killed 8 wounded 37, missing 20. I herewith inclose a list of casualties.

Respectfully submitted. E. H. HOBSON, Colonel Thirteenth Kentucky Volunteers. NEW YORK RACES-UNION COURSE - Monday,

July 7.—Two-mile heats, best two in three. 1st Heat. 2d Heat. 3d Heat or, m. Laura Farris.
b. h. Sailor
cr. h. Avalanche
cr. c. Sunshine
c. h. Trovatore
c. m. Bettie Ward
c. c. Wagram

Second Race-Single dash for \$370, mile and a

One mile. Half mile home 52½ sec. 52½ sec TO VOTERS. On vesterday I was informed by Mr. R. Delano that, in a company of gentlemen among whom I was spoken of as one of the candidates for the Clerkship of the Jefferson County Court he had heard it stated to the effect that I was a seces The truth of the charge I unqualifiedly deny and challenge its proof.

I have never expressed or entertained a thought favorable to secession or done anything to aid it, but have always disapproved of and spoken against it. I am and always have been a Union man and have so voted. As I do not

who unfortunately may be seessionists, has con-cluded to vote for me under the impression that I, too, am or was a seessionist, I wish them to be at once undeceived. While I am willing for the South to have her rights, it must be remembered that the balance of the States also have rights. I am for the Union as it was, and the

Anzeiger and Express copy. To the Editors of the Louisville Journal: MILITARY PRISON. LOUISVILLE, KY., July 10, 1862 Two articles have recently appeared in the Journal—one copied from the Nashville Union, the other from the Maysville Eagle—both of which do me injustice. In the former I am charged with violating my parole by leaving Nashville, where I have resided for the last fifteer years, and going to Kentucky, my native State, where business called me. This charge is untrue and had the Editor consulted the Secretary of State, before whom I was notified to appear, he would not have penned the article alluded to The article copied from the Maysville Eagl says that after my arrest in Fleming county, Ky. I denied the charge of violating my parole, but admitted that I had advocated the release of convicts in the Tennessee penitentiary, and the confinement of *Union* men in their place. This needs qualification. I have never been a speech-maker, but on Saturday evening, during the bittle of Fort Donelson, despatches were frequently re-ceived, and thousands of the citizens assembled on the public square, intensely excited at their reception. After several speeches had been made, I was called upon. In a speech of only a few minutes I remarked that I would persecute no man for his sentiments, but that our city was infested with spies, standing at the corners of the streats, and praying about the city—sayes drop-

MARRIED, On Wednesday evening, July 9th at the Walnut St Methodist Church, by Kev. C. B. Parsons, CHA RADWAY to Miss Lizzte Haas, all of this city.

DIED. In this city, July 10th, at 2 o'clock A. M., MARIAN WILLET KNAPP, infant son of William and Emms S. Knapp, aged 11 weeks.

O, flowery be the paths they press.

Notices of the Day. "Ho, ye that hunger and thirst!" Go to he Phoenix-everybody knows where the Phoe ix is-at 101/2 o'clock this morning.

By attending the auction sale this morning at L. Kahn & Co.'s, merchants may buy some

good bargains, as there will be a large assortment

COMMERCIAL

SPEECH OF LORD MONCK, THE NEW GOV-

RNOR GENERAL OF CANADA .- Montreal papers f the 4th inst. contain full accounts of the pub-

c reception in that city of Lord Monck, by the

local authorities. The N. Y. Journal of Com

jection of the militia bill, which act was con-

strued as a refusal on her part to adopt meas-

costing an immense sum, and for which

there seemed to be no necessity. The

Toronto Globe, almost the only prominent

ing Republic are altogether peaceful; that Cana-

With this preliminary explanation the Journal

culiar condition of the external relation of Can-

gacious, the most popular of British statesmen—a man under whom I served my apprenticeship in

England, but lest there should be misapprehen-

THE EMPEROR'S PLANS .- The following is an

"Tout chemin, mene a Rome.

ada. There is no use, in my opinion at least, in acting the part of an ostrich, hiding our heads in

The Master Race.—Since the great battle of Shiloh, and including it, we have had an almost uninterrupted series of victories. We have encountered the enemy generally with heavy odds against us, and frequently behind intrenchments, but in no single instance, unless it be the unexplained affair at Lewisburg, have Southern troops ciled to avhibit energies manhood to the mongrel there would not have been, under any conceiva-ble circumstances, the remotest probability of a iled to exhibit superior manhood to the mongrel and many-tongued enemy.

Indeed the whole experience of the war is an Indeed the whole experience of the war is an attestation of the truth long since discovered by impartial observers that the master-race of this continent is found in the Southern States. Of a better stock, originally, and babituated to manlier pursuits and exercises, they have ruled in affairs of State by force of the stronger will and larger wisdom that pertain to and distinguish superior races of men, while on the field of battle they have in every contest held a priority of place, conceded to them by their present adversaries.

When hattons are determined to right, they are determined to remain at peace, their greatest differences are always settled with comparative ease. The Times and certain journals upon this side of the Atlantic, its equals in malignity, if not in talent, have contrived by their misrepresentations to create such ill-feeling between Great Britain and the United States, and it is to be feared, should any serious controversy arise, that it would not be conducted on either side with calmies and moderation, although we have no idea that war not long in finding a pretex; but if they are de-termined to remain at peace, their greatest differ-

Now, if that is not sublimated impudence and self-complacency combined, we know nothing the Times is chiefly answerable. about it. On the run for the last half year nearly, it would only be a tedious matter to of Commerce quotes from the address of the Govenumerate all the races in which they have dis- ernor-General. After referring to the protection tinguished themselves in a hot chase after that which the Provinces have erjoyed hitherto, from "last ditch." A glance at the vacated region | the mother country, without expense to themtells the story at once, since they have been made | selves, he said: from other localities innumerable. If we take one memorable instance alone in which these very Richmond gentlemen made the most renarkable time in rebel annals, it settles the case forever against them, they themselves being comforever against them, they themselves being compelled to condemn the "Richmond Blues," their crack corfs, for their lack of everything which constitutes a "master race." If we take the other or fellow-pink in this claim to what is "chivalrous" and dominant, all must remember the flight from the Hilton Head encounter, in which the Charlestonians just as highly distinguished themselves in the same line as their Richmond friends did at Roanoke. What makes this claim more comical as coming from Richmond is that no one can associate in the past Henry A. Wise with other than most valorous Henry A. Wise with other than most valorous utterances, whilst his real exploits have only made more remarkable and shameful his whole-

If we turn to the West, continues our Balti-more contemporary, all must remember the per-of the change that has taken place in the internal tent uproar kept up in the Southern papers condition of that great country with a feeling of unmingled pain and regret. (Applause.) And that we half we have the best we shall we leave the tree and the tree tree and the tree and tree and tree are tree and tree and tree and tree are tree are tree and tree are tree are tree are tree are tree and tree are Nashville on their way to Kentucky. Every one of them was a prodigy of strength and valor and horsemanship; could beat Pawnees in their ability to pick up their weapons from the ground whilst to pick up their weapons from the ground whilst at full speed—their bowie-knives were to slash men in two as a housewife might a parship, and to this moment, has been the abode of peaceful their rifles were treble death. But, alast on an industry. Do not suppose that I am an alarmist, and that I entertain any expectation that we shall be immediately attacked. I entertain no unfortunate occasion for them, they encountered "Willich's Germans" at the Green river bridge; the Texan colonel was slain, and they were so completely wiped out at close quarters that they have never been heard of since, except as the remains of a disorganized and rabble set of bacon and horse stealers, as they fled through Nashville. But why multiply cases when the object of all this reckless gasconade is merely to keep of all this reckless gasconade is merely to keep the hearth of life in the rectile of a decored recommendation. Will that Power, you can only accomplish that the breath of life in the nostrils of a doomed rebellion? - We quote again:

This natural dominancy of the Southern people as had much to do in bringing on the war. The ferior race, grown strong in numbers and ambitious from prosperity, have revolted against and now seek to overthrow and destroy those whose superiority was a constant source of envy and self-reproach. There is no flercer malevolence stirred the Yankee bile. Always, in the presence of the Southern gentleman, he has felt a strong and painfully represed impulse to take of his hat.

This conscious inferiority has called the interest of the constant of the This conscious inferiority has galled the jealous and malignant creature until he has broken out in service insurrection. He has vainly concluded

and malignant creature until he has broken out in servile insurrection. He has vainly concluded that his numbers can overwhelm and exterminate the subjects of his envy, and that he, succeeding to the broad acres and liberal habitudes of the Southern gentry, will come to be looked upon as a gentleman too!

If this is not "piling up the agony," what, in the name of all that is republican and Jeffersonian, is? It is worth something to find the chivalry trying in this manner to put themselves "ight upon the record." Twenty millions of people in revolt against three hundred and fifty thousard evolt against three hundred and fifty thousard revolt against three hundred and fifty thousaid slaveholders! Day is breaking, full surely, when such revelations as these come up from Old Virginia. We quote once more:

I am not empowered to be able to tell you what ginia. We quote once more:

With us the contest is one for hereditary rights, for the sacred things of home, for the old repute of the better blood—with the Yankee it is a rebellious and infatuated struggle for a place he is unworthy of for privilege he would decrede for licons and infatuated struggle for a place he is unworthy of, for privileges he would degrade, for property he would barter, and for institutions he could neither comprehend nor erjoy. It is the old and never-ending strife between patrician and projects right help were considered. The tropic of the error must be arrayed against the enemy must come from the people of Canada themselves. The Toronto Leader states, in connection with this subject, that a few days ago, a royal comprehensive period to the contract of the contr proletarian, between gentle and vile. It is the offer of battle on a new field of muscle against spirit—numbers against courage. It is not upon Southern soil and among the descendants of Cavaliers and Huguenots that this battle will go in favor of brute force.

It is not upon Southern soil and among the descendants of Cavaliers and Huguenots that this battle will go in favor of brute force.

It may be that the armies in front of this city are about to rush into mortal wrestle. When sion, the Leader insists that no menace is intendare about to rush into mortal wrestle. When they meet it will not, perhaps, be upon such unequal terms as we have generally encountered. But should there be as great inequality of numbers as on other fields, it may and will be neutralized here, as it ever has been, by the superior courage and constancy of our troops. True to their lineage, their fame, their piedges, their principles — true to the expectations and prevers of all who ed-simply the encouragement of the volunteer movement, now so strongly recommended by Gov. Monck. love them—true to the immeasurable interests that hang on the issue—the soldiers who fight for liberty and native land will never give back, never weary, never cease to strike till certain and glorious victory perches on their banners.

If any one comments the Associated with the control of their countries of their troops in Mexico. But the old feeling remains. "En avant Bataillons!" is the cry. Still, as the scheme to elevate Prince Maximilian to the Mexican throne is evidently to prove a failure of the countries of their troops in the countries of the countries of their troops in the countries of the countries of their troops in the countries of the countries of their troops in the countries of the countries of their troops in the countries of the countr

scheme to elevate Prince Maximilian to the Mexican throne is evidently to prove a failure from the indisposition of the people to submit to another Yurbide, and the rupture of the tripartite swincle by Eggland and Spain, the Emperor, after twisting his moustache, has hit on another expedient and recoups for another deal.

He offers the following bon-bon to his protege, the Archduke. This is a principality on the Danube, to consist of Bosnia and Herzogivinia, which are very respectable countries, with a good many If any one, comments the American, can read this long rigmarole, dictated by the seemingly mpracticable folly and presumption of the "chialry," the "descendents of the Cavaliers and Huguenots," and not feel that only a good whipoing will ever enable them to be tolerated on this Continent, he is behind the spirit of the times—
he is not posted up with the causes which have
dictated this conflict. Taking the issues they tendictated this conflict. Taking the issues they tender as those of fact, the question at once arises It is true they are not the property of Louis whether this little knot of pretenders, these "Don Duixotes of the Southern plantations," as the cologne Gazette happily termed them, are to cominate all that was once reverenced here by hose who founded the Republic? What a homily Quixotes of the Southern plantations," as the for the Democracy of the land-what a creed for hose who have, in the past, built all their tri-RETURN OF THE BOURBON PRINCES -It is mphs on the teachings of Jefferson, Madison. and the other worthies of the Revolution. It is the Duke de Chartres, and the Comte de Paris, of something to get into the merits of the case, it is much to learn what Jefferson Davis is fighting for, what Barnwell Rhett fell for the other day. for, what Barnwell Rhett fell for the other day. Let the people take heed to all this. Let them make up their minds as to whether the teachings operations in Virginia, and are about to embark for Europe.

As the announcement of this fact has been ac-

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS. Evening Dispatches,

TELECTROPIC NUM

Notice to Owners of Property.

To grade and pave the sidewalks on the south side of Madison street from Preston to Jackson

Jacob Fais. J. M. DELPH, Mayor.

Notice to Forage Contractors.

Office of the Assistant Quarternaster, Louisville, Ky., July 2, 1861. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received at this official in 12 o'c ock M. of the 12th day of July Instant furnishing the United States Government with—
Two hundred and fifty thousand (350,000 bushels Cor Two hundred and fifty thousand (350,000 bushels Ost All to be of good merchantable quality, in good gram sacks, and subject to inspection. Weight of sacks to indeducted.

we retained antil the completion of the contrast Form of Guarantze.

We —, of the county of —, and State of and —, of the county of —, and State of the replacement of the replacement of the replacement of the proposition, and accordance with the terms of his proposition, and hat, should his proposition be accepted, he will at one inter into a contract in accordance therewith.

Should the contract be awarded him, we are prepare obecome his securities.

Blank bonds can be had upon application at this offi Proposals must state the price delivered at each pla

eparately.

The Government reserves the right to increase or dinish the amount to be delivered, either weekly or in a aggregate, one third, and also reserves the right to ject any proposals which may be deemed too high. All proposals to be endorsed "Proposals to furnish force," and be addressed to Lt. WM. D. &ARNEST, A.A. M., Louisville, Ky.

For further particulars apply at this office.

her particulars apply at this office.

STATEMENT

CONDITION

Liverpool and London Fire and Life

Insurance Company,

on the 1st day of January, 1862, made to the a ditor of the State of Kentucky, in compliance wan act entitled "An act to regulate Agencies Foreign Insurance Companies," approved 3d of Mar

irst. NAME AND LOCATION.
The name of the Company is the Live
London Fire and Live Insurance Compan
located in Liverpool, England.

50 and 75 per cent more than

companying..... Debts due the Company for pre-

 Capital......£'88,903
 0s
 0d

 Reserved Fund
 216,146
 11
 11

 Life " 707,785
 7
 8

 Fire " 146,992
 2
 10

Total Assets of the Company in the U.S.\$1,034.792

£1,259,826 2s 0d @\$5 to the£ \$6,299,130

HENRY GRINNELL, Deputy Chairman. ALF'D PELL, R. Secretary.

Subscribed and sworn and affirmed to before me, a commissioner for Kentucky in and for said county of New York, State of New York, this 18:h day of Janury, 18:62.

DAN SERXAS.

AUDITOR'S OFFICE, KENTUCKY. Frankfort, July 1, 1862. 
I hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original on file in this office.

In witness whereof, I have hereto set my hand and affixed my official seal the day and year above written.

GRANT GREEN, Auditor.

No. 103. AUDITOR'S OFFICE, FRANKFORT, KY.,

This is to certify that William Sinton, as of the Liverpoel and London Fire and Life ance Company, Liverpoel, England, at Loui Jefferson county, has filed in this office the ments and exhibits required by the provision an act, entitled "An act to regulate Agence Control of the Control of th

SEAL )

hand, the day and year above we ten. GRANT GREEN, Auditor

LIQUID RENNET.

healthie t, most gratement and besides being always light and easy of digestion, supporting the system with the least possible excitement. It is particularly adapted for the warm weather of summer. Price 25 cents a bottle. For sate by WILLIAM SHAFER. Druggist (Euccesor to R. L. Ta bot & Co.),

Corner Walnut and e eventh sta,

Loutsville, Ky.

COAL OIL.

Ferryboats for Sale.

HAVE a couple of Ferryboats for sale at Pittsburg They are 100 teet long, carrying 16 two-horse wager sach; five years old. They will be sold on very moderate terms. Inquire of L. Hyatt, Louisville, or 170 dlm\*

MILLINERY GOODS

Mrs. WM. OSBORN

Respectfully informs the public that the is now opening a fresh stock of seasonable MILLINERY GOODS,

Embracing all the articles in this line, which she will sell low for each.

HAT and BONMET FRAMES of the latest imports

GENTLEMEN'S

Outfitting Establishment.

SPROULE & MANDEVILLE,

Corner Main and Fourth streets, WIFEEE EVERYTHING CAN BE FOUND APPER-talping to a Gentleman's Wardrobe-

LOUISVILLE, KY.

manufacturers' prices at
HARDY & BEATTY'S,
113 Fourth st., adjoining National Hotel

Col. THOMAS SWORDS, A. Q. M. Gen WM. D. EARNEST, Lt. and A. A. Q. M

MAYOR'S OFFICE, July 10th, 1862.

21 9 12

Mrs. W. C. Kidd.....

S. Oyler....... Jas. O'Bryan....

Silas Gray..... David Smith.... Wm. Fowler....

Catherine Durning.
M. Gaffney.
P. Lochland.

Margaret Arnold.

Henry Ruive......
Henry Wallace.....
Paul Merklin.....

Burnside's Arrival at Fortress Monroe!

The President going up James River!

Report of a Forthcoming Proclamation!

Rebel Insurrection Thwarted!

PHILADELPHIA, July 10. Special correspondence of Forney's Press, dated U. S. steamship Brooklyn, June 28th, says all hands were called early this morning to attack the batteries and city of Vicksburg. The first gun fired was at one o'clock. The firing was intense. The Hartford, Richmond, and gunboats have presed the batteries and city without silent. have passed the batteries and city without silencing. The Brooklyn received orders not to pass a battery without silencing and she remains below. The loss on the Hartford was one man killed and eleven wounded. On the Richmond the master's mate was killed and six wounded.

FORTRESS MONROE, July 7. Times to bring to a bloody arbitrament a quarrel The steamer Juniats, while on her way to Harrison's Landing yesterday, and within about four miles of that place, was fired into by the rebels, and one man ir jured, but none killed. The firing was from six field pieces on the opposite side of the river, a little below the Federal army. it is now carrying on with the people and press of We were perfectly sensible when the war began that our next neighbors would raise a large army to subdue the rebels who now trouble them; but the thought did not alarm us, for we were on The steamer was aground at the time. Our gun-boats went down and drove off the rebels. A re-connoitring party was sent out yesterday, and found the rebel pickets within one mile of ours, friendly terms with the American people and were sure they meant us no harm, despite the bluster-ing of some few newspapers. We were not likewhich leads to the opinion that another battle is

ly to do anything to cause a war with the United States. We have lived side by side with that power for many years, and no difference of opinion has ever arisen between us to mar our pleasat hand.

Breastworks are being thrown up at Hampton about two and half miles from Fortress Monroe by our forces encamped at that place. The work is progressing vigorously. Thermometer 90 this evening, July 8th. ant relations. We knew also that the war would in all human probability create controversies with Great Britain, but we trusted to the sound sense Gen. Burnside has arrived here, is looking well, and appears in fine spirits.

President Lincoln arrived here at an early hour and friendly disposition of the two nations to set-tle them without even an approximation of fight-ing. And had the good feeling which existed be-tween Britain and the United States continued this morning, accompanied by several officers; among them one was believed to be Gen. Halleck.

among them one was believed to be Gen. Halleck. They had a short interview with Gen. Burnside, and then proceeded up the James river.

Flag-officer Wilkes arrived here this morning, and many rumors are affect as to the object of his When nations are determined to fight, they are The 10th New York regiment, which has been reported as badly cut to pieces, had only 9 killed, 44 wounded, and 30 missing. There are many who, in various ways separated from their regiments, are now daily returning, thus greatly diminishing the numbers who have been reported

There have been two or three arrests here this morning among the sutlers and civilians who had received orders to leave and had disregarded moderation, although we have no idea that war could possibly result. From this state of things arises the principal danger to Canada, and for it The fortifications at Yorktown are being put in

[Special to the New York Tribune.] WASHINGTON, July 9. We learn from Warrenton that a reconnois-sance was made on Tuesday by the 1st Maine cavalry as far as Waterloo, on the Rappahannock. Two or three miles from the river they descried a

egiment of rebel cavalry in the distance, who nade no effort to dispute the possession of the Our pickets now extend to within two miles of

Warrenton Springs.

A prominent citizen of Middletown was arrested yesterday, carrying a rebel mail from Winchester to Richmond. He confesses that daily communication is had with Richmond from nearly all the towns in the valley.

The case of Vallandigham has been reported back by the Committee with the recommendation. back by the Committee with the recommendation that it lie upon the table. No evidence being submitted with it and no directions to inquire into the fac's being given by the House, the Committee on Judiciary could not do otherwise.

Gen. Lew Wallace was seronaded last night in Washington. In his little speech he spoke strongly of employing and arming slares, and for quartering upon the enemy instead of guarding his property. guarding his property.

Special to the Times.] Washington, July 9. Evidences have reached the Government of a well planned rebel conspiracy of a most extended character which was to have burst upon the country simple appears with the battles at Picharacter this subject without stopping for one moment, to off McClellan and annihilating his army by their immensely superior numbers, and this success was to be immediately followed by a rising in Tennessee, Kenticky, and Maryland, and the advance of Jeff Davis upon Washington in the midst of the confusion.

The families of rebsl officers, who are living in Kentucky while their heads are in a position in Richmond, were fully informed of the scheme, and in their boldness and impudence let it out.

The facts were communicated to the War Decited to the

The facts were communicated to the War Department and to Gen. Byle, of Kentucky, and preparations were made to defeat the movement, but the atter failure of the rebels to break the power of the Union army now threatening R chmond, makes it impossible for them to put their class in motion. plan in motion.

The Washington Star of this evening says we have now at Front Royal quite a division of Gen.

VICKSBURG, July 7, via MEMPHIS, July 9. The mortars from above and below continue to shell the city. The rebels have a number of siege guns mounted on field carriages, which they transfer from point to point as the previous position was made untenable by the fire of our guns. Gen. Williams has planted a field battery on a point opposite the city, which causes considerable annoyance to the rebel gunners.

The work on the canal is progressing rapidly. with that Power, you can only accomplish that object by being perfectly prepared to defend yourself from attack. It is not necessary that

Pope's army.

yourself from attack. It is not necessary that you should anticipate attack. It is not at all a part of your policy that you should say, 'I will only prepare myself for defence when I see an ottack coming.' It ought to be the constant poor of contrabands employed.

The work on the canal is progressing rapidly. Large additions have been made to the number of contrabands employed. attack coming. It ought to be the constant position of a country that wants to maintain friendly relations with its neighbors, and to hold that position in the world which its importance and

[Special to the N. Y. World.] WASHINGTON, July 9.

STATE OF NEW YORK.

City and County of New York.

Henry Grinnell, Duputy Chairman, and Alfred Pell.

President, Secretary, of the Liverpool and Londoy

Fire and Life Insurance Company, being severall

sworn and affirmed, depose and say, and each for him

self says, that the foregoing is a full, true, and corre

statement of the affairs of the said Company; that it

said Insurance Company is the bona fide owner of

least one hundred and fifty thousand dollars of act

cash capital invested in stocks and bonds or in me

cash capital invested in stocks and bonds or in me

gages on unincumbered real estate, worth 50 per g An important manifesto in the shape of a proclamation from the President defining the future policy of the Administration on the great question of the House is not improbable at an early day. Mr. Liuccla has been waited on by several Senators and members of the House, and will be visited by a large delegation to morrow, should he be able to receive them, urging him to issue a proclamation in the tenor of the bill reported in the Senate to day requiring the Generals commanding departments to accept the services of all persons coming within our lines.

The debate in the Senate to day merely paves the way for the asymmiton of this policy, which the way for the assumption of this policy, which creates no unavoidable consation.

Gen. O. M. Mitchell is about to take an important part in the campaign in Virginia. He has been assigned to a command under Gen. Pope, and will take charge of it as soon as he returns from a short visit to West Point and Albany.

[Herald's Despatch.] WASHINGTON, July 9. The mission of Reverdy Johnson to New Or-leans is with a view to settle all claims and to pass all laws and regulations referring to the rela-tions between the foreigners and the civil author-ities of New Orleans. It is even surmised that he will gradually absorb all the civil powers now en-trusted into the hands of General Butler, who will retain the military command in the place.

A wounded officer, who reached Harrison's bar, A wounded cincer, who rended tharrisons out, fronting the James river, where Gen. McClellan had gathered his army, on Tussday last, describes the scene and his own sensations with much pathos and power. Along a plateau of six miles he saw the finest army in the world after the greatest battles of the world, and for the grandest is: us. He arrived in time to see the early morning ann lighting up the scene. It must have been ing sun lighting up the scene. It must have been a transcendant spectacle. The troops, gathered in regiment, and brigade, and division, seemed to be preparing for a festive occasion. There was no despondency, no doubt, no fear. They were counting over their living, and were remembering their dead only to avenge them. He offered an involuntary prayer to God that he had been able to extract from a Paris letter, dated June 21, 1862: witness such a panorama.

Another witness states that he happened to be

present, when a plain, young man, not yet 35, appeared among the wounded who were waiting for transports after the five days' battle. He saw them crawling out to gaze upon him; he saw the tears with which they welcomed him; he heard the words in which they praised him; and he listened to this young man's reply: "Soldiers," he said, "you have trusted me, and we have won. You will eame back to see us triumphant." A BRAVE SOLDIER .- We learn that a soldier

A Brave Soldier.—We learn that a soldier by the name of Lewis Slater, belonging to the 50th regiment, exhibited bravery unparalleled in the history of modern warfare. He was wounded in the ankle early on the first day of the battle of Shiloh, and had when he fell thirty rounds of cartridges in his box. After the enemy had driven our forces over and beyond him, he loaded as he lay on the ground and fired into the enemy from the rear whenever he was able to do so. On the next day the enemy was driven back by Gen. Buell over the ground where he was yet lying, and after they had got by he again loaded and fired into their ranks until he had expended all his ammunition but three rounds, which was what he had when picked up. He belongs near La Prarie, in this county, and is now at home and recovering from the wound received in that battle. He says he is sure that at least eight rebels fell from the effect of the shots fired while hel ay in that position, and persons who know him testify that his word can be implicitly relied on in the in that position, and persons who know him testify that his word can be implicitly relied on in the matter.—Quincy Whig.

make up their minds as to whether the teachings and the practices of two-thirds of a century here have all been based on a stupendous mistake; whether, in short, republican government is a dream and a farce, or a living, breathing beneficence, calculated to elevate and benefit the masses of the human race. If satisfied that they are on the right quest, let the masses fight for their old principles, die for them, if need be, but never talk of surrender to a set of pretentious starvelings whose amazing folly and assumptions are the disgrace of this continent and of the age in which they live.

INQUEST NO. 879—Held near the corner of Sixth and Jefferson streets, over the body of Wm. Baylor (colored), between 45 and 50 years of age. Verdict—"Came to his death on the corner of They found nothing to deplore in the campaign which were patented under the law. Any patent which was granted prior to March 4, 1861, may be extended for seven years on proper application to the Patent Office, provided the patentee has a seven which was granted prior to March 4, 1861, may be extended for seven years on proper application to the Patent Office, provided the patentee has a seven which was granted prior to March 4, 1861, may be extended for seven years on proper application to the Patent Office, provided the patentee has a seven which was granted prior to March 4, 1861, may be extended for seven years on proper application.

318 Jefferson 5t., between Third and Fourth,

Female Academy of the Ursulines. GRADING AND PAVING OF SIDE-WALKS.

The owners of lots and parts of lots designated below are hereby informed that ordinances have been passed by the General Council, approved and published, requiring the grading and paving of the sidewalks in front of their respective lots, and if they fail to have the same properly done within thirtys day from the date hereof, the work will be done under a contract at the expense of lot owners, as provided for in the 3d section of the 7th article of the City Charter, all drains from lots or houses to be conveyed under the sidewalks in iron pipes, in accordance with the ordinances regulating the same; said work, when executed, to be received by the City Engineer, and if not done in every respect in accordance with specifications regulating sidewalk paving, to be repaired at the expense of the property owners:

To grade and pave the sidewalks on the south GRADING AND PAVING OF SIDE-WALKS. DARD, Washing, Tuition, &c., per session, \$33 in advance. Music, Freuch, &c., extra.

DAY SOMOOL.—Terms for one session \$10 in advance. Business letters to be addressep to Rev. Leaving Streeze, Pattor of St. Martin's Church, Shelby street, or to Mothi e Salesia Reitmeier, Superio jy'l dôm\*

HAVING SOLD OUR STOCK OF GOODS TO Messrs. HENRY CHAMBERS & CO., they succeed us in the WHOLESALE DRUG BUSINESS at our old stand, No. 328 Main street, between Third and We may be found at the office of our successors for the settlement of our old business, and hope the new firm will receive, as we believe they will merit, a continuance of the favors received by the old house.

LINDENBERGER & CO.

Louisville, Ky., June 16, 1852. Dissolution.

THE partnership heretofore existing between the undersigned, under the style of LINDENBERGER & CO.. was this day dissolved by mutual consent. J. H. Lindenberger and Richard S. Herr are charged with the settlement of the business, either of whom is authorized to use the name of the firm in liquidation. All our books and papers remain at the old stand, No. 328 Main street, between Third and Fourth, in charge of our successors, Henry Chambers & Co., and they are authorized to receive and receipt for any moneys due us.

MARY LINDENBERGER,
J. H. LINDENBERGER,
RICHARD S. HERR.

Copartnership. THE undersigned have formed a partnership for the transaction in this city of a Wholesale business in UGS, MEDICINES, PAINTS, OLLS, DYF-STUFFS, ., under the style of HENRY CHAMBERS & CO., d have purchased the stock and taken the old stand of indenberger & Co., No. 328 Main street, between Third of Fourth, where they will be pleased to see the ends of the old house, and hope to merit a share of tropage from dealers generally.

8. P. WEISIGER, HENRY CHAMBERS, JAMES CHAMBERS. HOG CHOLERA! The Great Remedy of the Age The Great Remedy of the Age

I As never been known to fail in the cure of Cholera

I have opened an Office, 308 Green street, nearly opposite the Postoffice, for the saje of this valuable medicine. It has been tested in finances of instances and never known to fail when the disease was taken in time and the medicine properly given.

The remedy will cost only about 10 cts. to each Hog, and can be sent to any part of the United States. This medicine is sliquid and is put up only in quart and half gallon bottles. The half gallon bottle is worth ten dollars, and contains medicine enough for 100 hogs. The quart bottle is worth five dollars, and contains medicine enough for 100 hogs. The quart bottle is worth five dollars, and contains medicine for 50 hogs—each bottle having on its label all the necessary directions for using. All orders, accompanied by cash, promptly attended to. Any person wishing to purchase State or County rights for the sale of this valuable med Icine will address

JACOB LIGHTER,
a28 dawtf

808 Green street, Louisville, Ky. ducted.
Delivery to be made at Louisville, Ky., Clarksville,
nn., or Nashville, Tenn., commencing on or before
a 21st day of July instant, and twenty thousand,
(600) bushels of each required to be delivered weekly bereafter.

The full name and post-office address must appear in roposals; if the bld is made in the name of a firm, the ames of all the parties must appear; and the contract will be required to take the oath of allegiance.

The ability of the hidder to fill the contract must be naranteed by two of more responsible persons, whose gnatures must be appended to the guarantee. Budders must be present in pracon when the bids are sened, and be prepared to enter into a contract if their d is accepted.

Ilis accepted.

I is accepted.

Bonds in the sum of twenty thousand dollars, signed
the contractor and both of his guarantors, will be reilred of the successful bidder upon signing the con-Barley, Malt, and Hops Wholesale and and Retail.

FOR sale at the Kentucky Malt House, Market street, betweens Sixth and Seventh streets.

JOHN ENGELN & CO. Louisville, Ly. act. Fifty per cent of the stipulated first two weekly deliv ries to be retained until the completion of the contract

J. G. JACK (Late JACK & BROTHER), Commission, Tobacco, and Produce Merchant, No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth.

CONSIGNMENTS of MANUFACTURED TOBACCO, Provisions, and Groceries respectfully solicited. N. B. Particular attention given to filling orders for Pork, Bacon, Lard, and Produce generally.

Louisville, June 25, 1862.

MANUFACTURED TOBACCO—
50 boxes Missouri Tobacco;
56 caddles do do;
Just received per steamboat Citizen on consignment and for sale by
No. 518 Main st., between Third and Fourth.
Louisville, June 26, 1862. LARD—A lot of prime Leaf Kentucky Lard just received on consignment and for sale by Loui-ville, June 25, 1863.

J. G. JACK. JEANS AND LINSEYS—40 bales Kentucky Jeans and Linseys on consignment and for sale by Louisville, June 26, 1862. J. G. JACK.

\$150 Reward. MY son ISAIAH TATE was taken from the neigh borhood of Bowling Green, Ky., by the Texas and the Izth day of February, 1862, and carried South. He is about 18 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high bright mulatto color, face freekled, rather spare built has a scar on his side from a scald and also a scar on one of his legs from a dog bite. I will give the above reward for his liberation or if returned to his home, and ELIZA TATE.

EATING HOUSE, Corner Jefferson and Fifth sts., opposite Court-House, B. R. WARNER, Having just opened his House for the accommation of the public, is now prepared to

(ESTABLISHED IN 1780.) BAKER'S PREMIUM CHOCOLATE.

eartury, and are pronounced by all who have once used them to be super but to any others.

\*\*\* Manufactured by W. Baker & Co., at their mills in Dorchester, Mass., and for sale at their Branch Depot No. 217 Fulton street, New York City, and by Grocers and deslers generally throughout the Union.

Address

June16 d3m

No. 217 Fulton street, New York. A RTIFICIAL LEGS AND ARMS. Selpho's celebrated Patent Anglesea Leg and Artificial Hand.

Opposite St. Nicholas Hotel,
New York.

118 dim

Improve Your Sight. THE BYST AND CHEAPEST ASSORTMENT OF SPECTACLES, in gold, silver, and steel frames, at the OPTICAL STAND in

L. A. CIVILL'S Store, 431 South Main street, 5 doors above Fifth st. Constantly on hand superior Field Glasses and a ull line of Optical Mathematical, and Surveying Intruwents. Sold wholesale and retail.

Electro-Silver Plating. South side Jefferson st., below Third, next door below the Engine House over Howe's Harness manufactor

XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX XXX AAA AAAA AA AA AA AA AA AA AA AA AA AA

Brewed from the choicest Barley Malt and Hops

BHODES & VERNER and SPENCER & GARRARD. FOR SALE BY LUPP & EVANS - - - Sole Agents, CRYSTAL PALACE, LOUISVILLE, KY.

Are still receiving fresh supplies of the Newest Patterns

Window Shades,

the public before making their purchases. Our stock consists of the latest SPRING STYLES, and we will sell at prices to suit the times. Table Oil-Cloth.

LAPP & BRO., To Tobacco Manufacturers. RYME'S PATENT RETAINERS

HYDRAULIC PRESSES HAVE been in operation for the past two years for the manufacture of tobacco, and all the parties operating them testify to their great superiority, in every respect, over every other sontrivance for doing the work. Ease of operation and rapidity of action are combined with great power and durability. The subscribers are the sole manufacturers in the United States, and give their personal attention to the erection of the machines, and warrant them perfectly satisfactory. RAILROADS.

LOUISVILLE AND NASHVILLE RAILROAD. ON and after Wednesday, April 9, Passenger an Freight Trains will run through to Edgefield, op posite Nashville, without change of cars. PASSENGER TRAIN will leave Louisville daily a 1:45 A.M., and arrive at Edgefield at 6:20 P.M.; return ng, leaves Edgefield at 7 A.M., arriving at Louisvill than P.M.

at 6:30 P. M.

MEMPHIS BRANCH TRAIN will leave Bowling
Green daily (Sundays excepted) at 2:15 P. M., on arrivel
of Train from Louisville; feturaing will arrive at Bowllug Green at 11:10 A. M., and connect with Train from
Nashville for Louisville.
FREIGHT TRAINS will leave daily (Sundays excepted) for Nashville and Memphis Branch at 3 A. M.
TRAINS FOR LUBANON will leave daily (Sundays ex-TRAINS FOR LEBANON will leave daily (Sunda xcepted) at 6:45 A. M. excepted) at 6:45 A. M.

All Freights for main road and Lebanon and Memphis
Branches must be in Depot by 5 P. M.

BARDSTOWN TRAIN will leave daily (except Sundays) at 4 P. M. All Freights for Bardstown
road and main road north of Bardstown Junction must
be in Depot by 1 P. M.

B. MARSHALL, Superintendent.

PENNSYLVANIA CENTRAL RAILROAD. J E. MOORE, - - - Freight Agent, LOUISVILLE, KY.

THROUGH BILLS OF LADING TO EASTERN GITIES given at lowest rates via River to Pitteburg—Mail Line to Cincinnati and via Jeffersonville Railroad.

All applications relating to the transportation of Freight Eastward to be made at the office, No. 134 Fourth (or Wall) street. Louisville & Frankfort and Lexing.

ton & Frankfort Railroads.

ON and after Monday, Feburary 10, 1862, Trains will run daily (Sandaya excepted) as follows:

EXPRESS TRAIN will leave Loui-ville at 5:50 A.M., carrieds Thain will leave Loniville at 5:50 A.M., topping at all stations when flagged except FairGrounds tace Course, Brownsboro, and Belleview, connecting at minence with stage for Newcastle, at Frankfort for awrenceburg, Harrodaburg, and Danville, at Midway r Versailles, at Payne's for Georgetown, and at Leagton via rail and stage for Nicholasville, Danville, rab Orehard, Somerset, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, and Interior towns. ACCOMMODATION TRAIN will leave Louisville at 1P. M., stopping at all stations when flagged as far as frankfort, and, returning, will leave Frankfort at 5:10 A. M., arriving at Louisville at 9 A. M.

A. M., arriving at Louisville at 9 A. M.

EXPRESS TRAIN leaves Lexington at 2 P. M. and arr ves at Louisville at 7:10 P. M.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Louisville on Mondays Wednesdays, and Fridays.

FREIGHT TRAINS leave Lexington on Tuesdays, Thursdays, and Saturdays. Freight is received and discharged from 7:30 A. M. to 5 P. M.

SET Through Tickets for Danville, Harrodsburg, OrabOrchard, Somerzet, Richmond, Mt. Sterling, Winchester, Nicholasville, Georgetown, Shelbyville, and other
towns in the interior for sale, and all further information can be had at the Depot in Louisville, corner of
Jefferson and Brook streets.

[AMUEL GILL, Superintendent.

[Democrat copy.]

JEFFERSONVILLE RAILROAD. ON and after to-day, May 5, 1862, Trains on Boad will leave and arrive as follows: LEAVE JEFFERSONVILLE:

3:00 P. M. Fast Express for Cincinnati, Indianapoli Chicago, and the East.
10:00 P. M. Night Express for St. Louis, Cincinna Chicago, and the East.
Both Trains making connections for the East. ARRIVE AT JEFFERSONVILLE

2:10 A. M. from Indianapolis and Cincinnati. 1:40 A. M. from St. Louis, Indianapolis, and Cincinnati Both Trains making connections from the East. n5 dtf JAS. FERRIER, G. T. A. LOUISVILLE, NEW ALBANY, & ORICAGO RAILROAD. FOR ST.LOUIS, CHICAGO, DETROIT

1862. Summer Arrangement. 1862. O N and after Sunday, May 4, Passenger Trains will leave New Albany (opposite Louisville) as follows: 8:00 A. M. CHICAGO EXPRESS usaly except Sundays), making close connections at Mitchell with O. & M. Railroad for St. Louis, Cairo, and the West, arriving at St. Louis at 9:00 P. M.; connecting also at Greencastle Junction with T. & R. Railroad East and West, and at Lafayette with T. & W. Railroad East and West and Michigan City for Chicago and Detroit.

Detroit.

10 P. M. ST. LOUIS NIGHT BXPRESS (Dails), reaching St. Louis at 8:00 A. M. and Cincinnati at 4 A. M. This Train runs to Mitchell only.

15 Sturning, leaves St. Louis at 7 A. M. and 5:05 P. M., making immediate connections at Mitchell with South bound train, arriving at New Albany at 7:30 P. M. and 4:30 A. M. Only one change of Cars to St. Louis, Cincinnati, o. Chicago.

Baggage checked through. This Road runs the only trains from Louisville, connecting with Ohio and Mississippi Raliroad West.

\*\*For THROUGH TICKETS and further information, apply at the GENERAL RAILROAD OF FICE, southwest corner of Third and Main street.

Louisville, Ky. Trains are ron by Louisville time. W. S. PARKER, Agent. A. B. CULVER, Sap's. m5 dtf.

IMPORTANT 1862! 1862! Passengers should be careful in purchasing Tickets to St. Joseph or points

in Kansas to see that they read by the Morth Missouri Railroad. It is the only all rail and direct route from St. Louis to St. Joseph, thirteen hours quicker, fare low as any other

route. Fres's and Gen'l Sup's North Missouri R. R. Co St. Louis, Mo.
HENRY H. SIMMONS,
General Traveling Agent. augas dly 1862

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Mesers. McCulloch & Gray, Petersburg, Va.
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"Shapes' of all sizes, with iron trames and iron faced blocks, segments, bands, and other tools of the most approach at thems, constantly on hand. Also, steam where will se tolind every conventes to resulting at resting, a choice is offered of the PHILADELPHIA. NEW YORK, and BALTIMORE MARKETS. This will also be found the shortest, quickest, and most direct route for Stock to New York—[via. Allentown]—and with fewer changes than any other.

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SEALED PROPOSALS are invited until the 15th day of July, 1862, for supplying the U. S. Sub-istence Department with 6,000 head of BEEF CATTLE on the he Cattle to be delivered at Washington, D. C., an The Cattle to be delivered at Washington, D. C., and the animal to average 1,300 pounds gross. No animal imitted that weighs less than 1,000 pound gross. Heif-s, Stags, and Bulls not wanted.

The first delivery of Cattle to be made on the 1st day August, or as soon thereafter as the Government may rect. 600 head of Cattle per week will be required to delivered under this contract.

A bond with good and sufficient security will be required. nured.

No bid will be entertained when put in by contractors who have previously failed to comply with their conracts in any Department of Government, or where the idder is not present to respond to his bid.

The names of firms should be stated in full, with the orecise address of each member of the firm.

Proposals from disloyal parties will not be considered, and an oath of allegiance must accompany each proposition.

on.
All bids must be accompanied by two guarantees.
Bids to be directed to MAJOR A. BECKWITH, C. S.,
S. A., Washington, D. C., and endorsed "Proposals
be Beef Cattle."

We, \_\_\_\_, of the county of \_\_\_\_, and State of \_\_\_, do hereby guarantee, that \_\_\_\_ is able to fulfil a contract in accordance with the terms of his proposition, and that, should his proposition be accepted, he will at once enter into a contract in accordance therewith. Should the contract be awarded him we are prepared to become his securities.

(This guarantee must be appended to each bid.) The responsibility of the guarantee must be shown by the official certificate of the Clerk of the nearest District Court or of the United states District Attorney. J30 dtjy14

TO PLASTERERS. SEALED PROPOSALS will be received by the un-dersigned until Thursday, the 17th day of July next, 12 o'clock M., for furnishing all materials and plas-tile the east return wing of Western Lunatic Asylum, the contains about 3,000 requer, yards on lath and

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Col. Harlan,
And scores of others from all parts of the world, including all the "fed" and a great many of the "unfed" Gen-

P. S.—Persons from a distance can by enclosing one ollar to our address by mail receive five pictures of any son or persons among our collection.
WEBSTER'S GALLERY. Camp Equipage. AM prepared to furnish Regiments or Companie with Camp Stoves, Camp Kettles, Plates, ArmyCaps Knives and Focks, Spoons, Canteens, Mess Pans, Cota, Camp Stocis, &c., on short notice.

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We have on hand a large stock of the above-names
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WASHINGTON CITY, Having been engaged for a number of years in the Settlement of such Claims in one of the Government Offices (from which he has withdrawn), offers to attend to Claims of any kind that may be entrusted to him, such as those for Pensions, Bounty, Arrears of Pay, Subsistence, Transportation, Clothing, Damages to Property, and particularly for Horses, and other Property lost or destroyed in the United States Service, including cases of Impressment.

TESTIMONIAL. We are well acquainted with Mr. Worthingt heerfully testify that we know no Agent in Was in whom elaimants can more confidently rely

Signed by JNO. D. McPHERSON,

Are constantly receiving fresh

LOUISVILLE SILVER BAND. EICHEORN & KOLLROS WILLS urnish Music for Parades, Funerals, Salls, Parties, Pic-Nics, Serenades, &c., t the shortest notice, Orders left at the Apollo Hall, corner of First and efferson streets, will be promptly attended to.

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HAVING-taken a lease on the entire interest of
James F. Clarkeon in this property for the tresent
year, I will open the same on the 1st day of July
next for the reception of visitore, and, as I am determined to have the place in good condition and the ac-

Assignee's Notice.

ns indebted to C. W. Bliss, either by note account, are requested to make immediate myself, at my office, in Contr Place, near . In my absence, C. K. Fairfax, Eeq., is parment to my absence, to sixth stre t. In my absence, to sixth stre t. In my absence, to authorized to collect and receipt claims.

S. A. ATCHISON, Assignee.

Copartnership.

NOTICE. vears, and take much pleasure in same our successors.

Mr. Geo. N. Jackson is authorized to settle the business of the old firm. All persons indebted will please call and settle immediately.

CLIFFORD & CO.

June 28, 1862.

TO BANKERS and MERCHANTS. tructive measurement will be allowed in any case whatever.

If further information is desired, address N. B. Kelly, architect, Hopkinsville, Ky. GEO. POINDEXTER, W. E. PRICE, W. E. PRICE.

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